



**Operating Manual** 

# Turbine Meter TME400-VM (..-VMF)

Stand: 2021 July 1st Version: 08 Firmware: 1.06



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**Note** Unfortunately, paper is not updated automatically, whereas technical development continuously advances. Therefore, we reserve the right to make technical changes in regard to the representations and specifications of these operating instructions. The latest version of this manual (and other devices) can be downloaded at your convenience from our Internet page:

### www.rmg.com.

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# 1. Introduction

# 1.1. Structure of the manual

The introduction of this manual comprises two parts. The first part lists general specifications; the symbols used in the manual and the structure of notices are presented and a risk assessment is provided. The differences between the TME400-VM and TME400-VMF turbine meters are explained. If there is no explicit reference to differences, the TME400 is superordinate for both versions of the turbine meter.

### Note

This manual refers to the TME400-VM and TME400-VMF instead of the complete turbine meter.

In addition, the first part includes specifications for the transport and storage of the TME400. The second part of the introduction describes the features and areas of application of the TME400; basic standards are listed and the pressure and temperature ranges in which the TME400 can and may be used are pre-adjusted.

The second chapter describes the electrical and mechanical commissioning of the TME400. An explanation of how to achieve the reliable commissioning of the meter and high precision is provided.

The third chapter explains the displays of the TME400. It explains resetting, booting and replacement of the battery.

The settings of the TME400 are explained in chapter four. In particular, all adjustable parameters are provided there with some explanations.

The fifth chapter summarizes the technical data and the sixth chapter provides a list of error messages.

The appendix provides details about the Modbus, measurements, type plate and seal plans. Then the certificates and approvals are listed.



# 1.2. Purpose of the manual

This manual provides information that is necessary for fault-free and safe operation.

The TME400 was designed and produced according to the state of the art and generally recognized safety standards and directives. However, its use can entail dangers that are avoidable by complying with this manual. The device must only be used as intended and in technically sound condition.

# $\mathbf{\Lambda}$

# Warning

Unintended use voids all warranty claims and the TME400 can also lose its approvals.

### 1.2.1. Abbreviations

The following abbreviations are used:

TME400-VM	The TME400-VM is a turbine meter which is used for non-custody-transfer volume measurement ( <u>V</u> olume <u>M</u> easurement) of the operating volume of non-aggressive gases and combustion fuels is used.
TME400-VMF	The TME400-VMF is a turbine gas meter that is used in custody-transfer applications ( <u>F</u> iscally). The designation TME400-VMF comprises all turbine meters.
TME400-VC	The TME400-VC also enables calculation of the standard volume flow ( <u>V</u> olume <u>C</u> orrector) from the operating volume flow in non-custody-transfer applications.
TME400-VCF	The TME400-VCF is used in custody-transfer applications ( <b>F</b> iscally). In addition to the turbine meter, the TME400-VCF designation also includes the volume corrector.

### Note

This manual only describes the TME400-VM and TME400-VMF.



MessEG	Measurement and Calibration Act Law on the marketing and provision of measuring devices in the market, their use and calibration, valid since 1/1/2015
MessEV	Measurement and Calibration Regulation Regulation on the marketing and provision of measuring devices in the market and on their use and calibration; 12/11/2014
MID	Measurement Instruments Directive
РТВ	Physikalisch-Technische Bundesanstalt [German National Test Authority]
Vo	<u>o</u> riginal meter reading ( <u>V</u> olume) of a mechanical counter
approx.	approximately
max.	maximum
min.	minimum

# 1.2.2. Symbols

The following symbols are used:

1, 2,	Identifies steps for work tasks

### 1.2.3. Structure of notices

The following notices are used:

# **▲** Danger

This warning notice informs you of imminently threatening dangers that can arise due to misuse/operator error. If these situations are not avoided, death or severe injuries can occur.

### Warning

This warning notice informs you of potentially dangerous situations that can arise due to misuse/operator error. If these situations are not avoided, minor injuries can occur.

### Λ

Α

### Caution

This notice informs you of potentially dangerous situations that can arise due to misuse/operator error. If these situations are not avoided, damage to the device or nearby property can occur.

### Note

This notice informs you of potentially dangerous situations that can arise due to misuse/operator error. If these situations are not avoided, damage to the device or nearby property can occur.

This notice can provide you with helpful tips to make your work easier. This notice also provides you with further information about the device or the work process in order to prevent operator error.

# 1.2.4. Working with the device

1.2.4.1. Safety notices Danger, Warning, Caution and Note

# $\mathbf{\Lambda}$

### **Danger**

All of the following safety notices must be observed!

Disregard of the safety notices can result in danger to the life and limb or environmental and property damage.

Bear in mind that the safety warnings in this manual and on the device cannot cover all potentially dangerous situations, because the interaction of various conditions can be impossible to foresee. Merely following the instructions may not suffice for correct operation. Always remain attentive and consider potential consequences.



- Read this operating manual and especially the following safety notices carefully before working with the device for the first time.
- Warnings are provided in the operating manual for unavoidable residual risks for users, third parties, equipment or other property. The safety instructions used in this manual do not refer to unavoidable residual risks.
- Only operate the device in fault-free condition and in observance of the operating manual.
- Compliance with local statutory accident prevention, installation and assembly regulations is also mandatory.

### A

### Caution

All notices in the manual must be observed. Use of the TME400 is only permitted in accordance with the specifications in the operating manual. RMG assumes no liability for damages arising due to disregard of the operating manual.

# $\mathbf{A}$

### **Danger**

Service and maintenance tasks or repairs that are not described in the operating manual must not be carried out without prior consultation with the manufacturer. The device must not be opened forcefully.

### A

### Caution

The TME400 is approved for custody-transfer applications. For this purpose, it is sealed before deliver and settings specified by the approval authority are locked. These seals, software or hardware locks must not be damaged, destroyed or removed!

In this case, the TME400 loses its official certification!

The TME400 can only be approved for officially certified operation after a renewed inspection by an officially recognized inspection authority or calibration officials and an additional inspection of additional settings. The calibration official must re-apply the seals after the inspection.



Observe the following, in particular:

- Changes to the TME400 are not permitted.
- The technical specifications must be observed and followed for safe operation. Performance limits must not be exceeded (*chapter 5 Technical data*).
- For safe operation, the TME400 must only be used in the scope of the intended use (*chapter 1.3 Overview of versions*).
- The TME400 complies with current standards and regulations. However, danger can arise with misuse.

### 1.2.4.2. Dangers during commissioning

Initial commissioning The initial commissioning must only be carried out by

specially trained personnel (training by RMG) or RMG

service personnel.

### **Note**

An acceptance test certificate must be created during the commissioning. This, the operating manual and the EU Declaration of Conformity must be stored so that they are always readily available.

All sharp edges on the device were removed, insofar as possible. However, personal protective equipment provided by the operator must be worn during all work.

# Danger

Install the device as specified in the operating manual. If the device is not installed as specified in the operating manual, there may be a risk that adequate explosion protection is not provided.

The explosion protection is lost!



# 🛕 Danger

Inadequately qualified persons working on the equipment are unable to correctly estimate dangers. Explosions can be triggered. Only work on the equipment if you have the appropriate qualifications.

Components can be damaged if you do not use suitable tools and materials. Use tools that are recommended for the respective work in the operating manual.

Mechanical installation Mechanical installation must only be performed by appro-

priately qualified technicians.

Electrical installation Installation on electrical components must only be carried

out by qualified electricians.

Mechanical and/or These qualified personnel require training specifically for electrical installation work in hazardous areas. Qualified personnel are persons

who have training / education in accordance with **DIN** 

VDE 0105, IEC 364 or comparable standards.

# **▲** Danger

Installation and removal of the TME400 must only take place in an explosion-free, pressure-free atmosphere. The descriptions in the operating manual must be observed. In general, it is recommended that the replacement should only be carried out by RMG Service.

A leak test must be carried out after work on pressurized components.

All of the above points also apply to repair and maintenance tasks and in general when opening the meter is necessary.

Flange fastening elements, fastening screws, screw couplings and check valves, the oil supply, pressure relief connections, valves, HF pulse generators, protective pipes and swivel adapters must <u>not</u> be loosened during operation.

### 1.2.4.3. Dangers during maintenance and repair

Operating personnel The operating personnel use and operate the device in

the scope of the intended use.



Maintenance personnel Work on the device must only be carried out by qualified

personnel who can carry out the respective tasks on the basis of their technical training, experience and familiarity with the applicable standards and requirements. These qualified personnel are familiar with the applicable statutory regulations for accident prevention and can independently recognize and avoid potential dangers.

pendently recognize and avoid potential dangers.

Maintenance and cleaning

Maintenance and cleaning must only be performed by appropriately qualified technicians.

# A Danger

Inadequately qualified persons working on the equipment are unable to correctly estimate dangers. Explosions can be triggered. If work on live equipment must be conducted in hazardous areas, sparks that are created can trigger an explosion.

# **▲** Danger

The device can be damaged if it is not cleaned as specified in the operating manual. Only clean the device as specified in the operating manual.

Components can be damaged if you do not use suitable tools. The explosion protection is lost.

- Only clean the device with a damp cloth!

# **A** Danger

The TME400 must only be used as intended! (*Chapter 1.3 Overview of versions*). Prevent use of the TME400 as a potential climbing aid or use of attachments of the TME400 as potential handles!



### 1.2.4.4. Qualification of personnel

### Note

In general, the following is recommended for all persons working with or on the TME400:

- Training / education for work in hazardous areas.
- The capacity to be able to correctly estimate dangers and risks when working with the TME400 and all connected devices. Possible dangers include components that are under pressure and consequences of incorrect installation.
- Recognition of dangers that can arise from the flow medium that is used.
- Training / education by RMG for work with gas measuring devices.
- Education / instruction in all national standards and directives to be complied with for the work to be carried out on the device.

# 1.2.5. Risk assessment and minimization

According to assessment by qualified employees of RMG, the TME400 is subject to risks during its use. Risks can arise, for example, due to high pressures and occasionally due to pressures that are too low. Work outside of the permissible temperature range can also lead to dangers. Impermissible current and voltage values can trigger explosions in hazardous areas. The risk assessment requires an emptying and ventilation of the pipeline for connection with installation and removal of a turbine. Then and only then is it assured that there is not an hazardous gas mixture in the pipeline. Naturally, work must only be carried out by trained personnel (see *chapter 1.2.4.4 Qualification of personnel*), who are also trained to recognize suitable tools and use them exclusively. The risks were summarized alongside development and measures were taken to minimize these risks.

#### Measures for risk minimization:

- All pressurized parts are designed in accordance with AD 2000 rules and regulations, Pressure Equipment Directive, Annex 1
- The complete pressure design has been inspected by TÜV Hessen
- All pressurized parts have been manufactured with a material certificate; there is an uninterrupted change of batch tracing of pressurized components
- The mechanical properties of all relevant pressurized components have been subjected to tension tests, notch impact bending tests and hardness tests



- Non-destructive testing was also carried out: X-ray and ultrasonic inspection of the meter housing for defective points in material, surface crack testing with magnetic powder and a color penetration process
- Strength tests for components were conducted at 1.5 times the nominal pressure for the pressure testing; the leak testing for the assembly was conducted at 1.1. times the nominal pressure. Certificates were issued for successfully passed tests
- The maximum operating pressure and the permissible temperature range are specified on the type plate of the device. Operation of the device is only permitted within these specified ranges.
- A maximal temperature difference of ΔT ≤ 100°K between the inside and outside of the TME400 must be respected.
- Additional external forces and torques were not taken into account in the pressure dimensioning.
- In the event that the pressure equipment is to be marketed and put into operation as an assembly within the meaning of the Pressure Equipment-Directive, an examination of the assembly must be provided at the latest during the final and pressure tests.
  - Otherwise, the commissioning inspector must explicitly point out that a test of the equipment location with safety function still has to be performed at the installation site.



# 🛕 Danger

The following applies for work in hazardous areas (all zones):

- The pulse generators of the turbine meter must be connected to intrinsically safe power circuit only.
- Only tools that are approved for Ex Zone 1 are permitted for maintenance and repair tasks.
- Otherwise, work must only be carried out when there is not an explosive atmosphere.
- The risk of ignition due to impact or friction must be avoided.
- Work on devices which are used in hazardous areas must be carried out by qualified electrical engineers with special capabilities for work in hazardous areas.
- The wiring / installation in hazardous areas must only be carried out by trained personnel in accordance with EN60079-14 and in observance of national regulations.
- Qualified persons must satisfy the definitions in accordance with DIN EN 0105 or IEC 364 or directly comparable standards.
- If one or more power circuits are used, it must be ensured that the permissible limit values according to the EC type approval certificate are not exceeded when choosing the cables.
- Every Ex signal circuit must be routed with a dedicated cable which must be guided through the appropriate PG screw coupling.
- Permanent installation of the intrinsically safe cable is mandatory.

# ▲ Danger

In addition, the following applies for work in hazardous areas (all zones):

- Only trained and instructed personnel are permitted. Work on the measuring system must only be carried out from qualified persons and inspected by responsible qualified supervisors.
- Qualified persons have been authorized by the person responsible for safety of personnel to carrying out such work on the basis of their training, experience or instruction and familiarity with applicable standards, provisions, accident prevention regulations and system conditions. It is essential that these persons are able to recognize and avoid potential dangers in good time.

### 1.2.6. Applicability of the manual

This manual describes the TME400. TME400 is generally only part of a complete system. The manuals of the other components of the system must be observed. If you find contradictory instructions, contact RMG and/or the manufacturers of the other components.

#### Note

Ensure that the power data of the current connection matches the specifications on the type plate. Ensure that the limit values specified in the conformity certificate (see appendix) for the devices to be connected are not exceeded.

Observe any applicable national regulations in the country of use. Use cable that is appropriate for the cable fittings.

### A

### **Danger**

Only work on the equipment if you have the appropriate training and qualifications.

Attention: Risk of destruction due to body electricity, e.g. due to the rubbing of clothing.

### 1.2.6.1. Danger during operation

Observe the specifications of the system manufacturer and/or system operator.

### 1.2.6.2. Dangers of operation in EX areas

Only operate the device in fault-free and complete condition.

If you make technical changes to the device, safe operation can no longer be guaranteed.



### **Danger**

Only use the device in its original condition. The TME400 is permitted for operation in Ex Protection Zone 1, but only within the permissible temperature range (*chapter 1.3.4.2 Temperature* ranges).



### 1.2.6.3. Responsibility of the operator

As the operator, you must ensure that only adequately qualified personnel work on the device. Ensure that all employees who work with the device have read and understood this manual. You are also obligated to train personnel regularly and inform them of the dangers. Ensure that all work on the device is carried out exclusively by qualified persons and inspected by responsible qualified supervisors. The responsibilities for installation, operation, fault rectification, maintenance and cleaning must be clearly regulated. Instruct your personnel with regard to the risks involved with working with the device.

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### 1.2.7. Transport

The device is packaged specific to the transport requirements for each customer. Ensure safe packaging that absorbs light impact and vibrations is used for any further transport. Nevertheless, inform the transport company that all types of impact and vibrations should be avoided during transport.

# 🛕 Warning

# Risk of injury during transport

Any foot screws must be mounted if they are provided as a transport safeguard to prevent rolling and tipping. Additional measures must be taken to ensure that impermissible rolling and tipping are prevented.

Only use the provided lifting eyes / ring screws to lift the meter. Please observe the relevant permissible loads for the lifting equipment. Prior to lifting, ensure that the load is securely fastened. Do not stand under suspended loads.

The device can slip, topple over or fall down when being lifted and set down. The device can fall over if the bearing capacity of the lifting equipment is disregarded. There is a risk of severe injury for nearby persons.

If the device is delivered on a Euro pallet, the device can be transported on the pallet using a pallet truck or forklift.

The gas meters and accessories must be protected from jarring and vibrations during transport.

The gas meters or any inlet/outlet pieces have a flange as an end piece. The flanges are sealed with a protective sticker or fitted with a plastic dummy plug. The protective stickers and/or dummy plugs must be removed without leaving any residue prior to installation in the pipeline. Residue from this film changes the flow and causes measuring errors!

This protection must be re-applied to the flanges for transport or storage of the device.

# 1.2.8. Scope of delivery

The scope of delivery can differ depending on the optional orders. The following is "normally" included in the scope of delivery:

Part	Quan- tity
TME400-VM (or TME400-VMF) turbine meter	1
1 Lubricating oil bottle	Op- tional
Lubricating instructions	1
Manual	1



Test log	
Calibration certificate	1
Material test certificate	
Strength test certificate 3.1.	Op- tional

# 1.2.9. Disposal of packaging material

Dispose of the material in an environmentally friendly manner in accordance with national standards and directives.

# 1.2.10. Storage

Avoid extended periods of storage. After storage, inspect the device for damage and test for correct function. Contact the RMG service department to arrange for inspection of the device after a storage period of longer than one year. For this purpose, return the device to RMG.

### Note

Storage must take place in a dry and protected room.

It must be ensured that all open pipes are sealed.

# 1.3. Overview of versions

### 1.3.1. Description

The **TME400-VM** is a turbine meter which is used for volume measurement of the operating volume of non-aggressive gases and burnable gas. The operating volume flow is determined based on the turbine speed, which is scanned by means of a Wiegand or Reed sensor element and then added together in internal archives. The result is registered in an electronic meter.

There are a high-frequency (HF) and a low-frequency (LF) output, where the HF output is preferably used as a flow sensor for control tasks and remote transmission. In addition to these outputs, the TME400 VM has a serial RS 485 interface for digital data readings and parameterization. The TME400-VM is used in **non-custody-transfer** applications.

The **TME400-VMF** (MID) is the turbine meter for custody-transfer applications and has an equivalent function and operating method to the TME400-VM. The essential difference is the 2-channel measuring head version. It is used in **custody-transfer applications**.

### 1.3.2. Device features

#### **TME400-VM**

- Non-custody-transfer measurements
- Electronic meter
- Alarm output
- Optionally available in a version with remote meter (distance from meter head to meter: 10 m; see appendix C Dimensions)
- 2x pulse inputs selectable for Reed, Wiegand and external pulse transmitters (remote meters)
- 1x contact input
- 1x HF output
  - (input pulse of pulse input 1 is output with defined pulse width of 1 ms)
- 1x LF output with defined pulse width (20 ms, 125 ms or 250 ms)
- 1x RS485 with external power supply
- 1x optional power module
- Power supply via 3.6V lithium cell or an external power supply which is assigned to the RS485 interface (supply via power module alone is not adequate and a battery is required for support)
- Archive memory for events, parameters, measurements



#### TME400-VMF

In addition to the features of the TME400 VM, this version can be used for custody-transfer applications.

# 1.3.3. Power supply

### **Battery-operated device**

The TME400 is equipped with a replaceable 3.6 V lithium battery. The device is designed for continuous operation for approximately 10 years. To achieve this, the devices may be operated for a maximum of 15 minutes per day with input pulses of 1 Hz.

### Battery-operated device with additional external power supply

An electric supply of the TME400 via the 4-20mA current loop reduces the power consumption from the batterie and typically extends the service life of the battery to more than 12 years.

If the TME400 is additionally electrical powered by the RS485 interface, the service life of the battery is typically extended to clearly more than 12 years.

### **Battery replacement indicator**

The remaining battery life is determined by means of an internal calculation. An indicator in the display appears when it is time to replace the battery. Battery replacement is described in *chapter 3.1.4 Battery replacement*. In parameter G20 *Date of last battery change* the date of the last battery change is displayed (see *chapter 4.3.3 Coordinates in context*).

#### Note

In case of a loss of the external power supply, the TME400 is supplied by the buffer battery. The battery symbol is blinking in this case.

# 1.3.4. Area of application

The TME400 is approved for use in hazardous areas with the following mark:



II 2G Ex ia IIC T4 Gb



The EC type approval certificate is:

### TÜV 17 ATEX 207566 X IECEX TUN 18.0009 X

The corresponding conformity certificates are provided in the annex. The RMG contact information is provided on the second and last page.

### 1.3.4.1. Installation and mounting position

The TME400-VM and TME400-VMF can be supplied with DIN and ANSI connections. Up to nominal diameter DN 200, the installation position of the turbine meter with permanent lubrication can be selected as required. From nominal diameter DN 250, the meter must be installed in the ordered installation position. It must also be ensured that the filling opening of the lubrication faces upwards.

### 1.3.4.2. Temperature ranges

The turbine meter TME400 in standard version is approved for the following temperature ranges.

Temperature ranges	
Medium temperature	-25°C to +55°C
According to ATEX (T <sub>amb</sub> )	-25°C to +55°C (II 2G Ex ia IIC T4)
According to PED 2014/68/EU	-20°C to +80°C (spheroidal graphite iron) -40°C to +80°C (cast steel) -40°C to +80°C (stainless steel) -10°C to +80°C (welded version and round steel material)
Pressure safety for DN25 according to sound engineering practice, see PED 2014/68/EU, sec. 4, subsec. 3	-40°C to +60°C (aluminum)
Lower temperature limits are available on request with	the welded version and round steel material.

# A

### Caution

Direct solar radiation must be avoided.



# Note

If different temperature ranges apply simultaneously, the smallest specified range applies for the overall system. This is also marked on the type plate.

# 1.3.5. Use of gas meters for different gases

Gas	Symbol	Tight- ness at 0°C and 1.013 bar	Meter housing	Comments
Natural gas		8.0	Standard	
City gas			Standard	
Methane	CH4	0.72	Standard	
Ethane	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>6</sub>	1.36	Standard	
Propane	СзН8	2.02	Standard	
Butane	C4H10	2.70	Standard	
Air		1.29	Standard	
Argon	Ar	1.78	Standard	
Helium	Не	0.18	Standard	
Carbon dioxide (dry)	CO <sub>2</sub>	1.98	Standard	
Nitrogen	N <sub>2</sub>	1.25	Standard	
Hydrogen	H <sub>2</sub>	0.09	Standard	up to 100% Generally, a reduced meas- uring range
Ethylene (gaseous)	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub>	1.26	Special	Special version (also for hu-
Biogas			Special	mid gases):
Sour gas			Special	Teflon coating, special lubri-
Digester gas / sewage gas			Special	cation, special material, etc.
Sulfur dioxide	SO <sub>2</sub>	2.93	Special	

The components of the gases must be within the concentration limits according to EN 437:2009 for test gases. Safe operation is guaranteed with these specified gases.

Other gases on request.

### 1.3.5.1. Suitability and compatibility for natural gas containing H<sub>2</sub>

The TME400 can be used in hydrogen-containing natural gas up to pure hydrogen. There are no safety-related concerns for this use.

### **Notice**

In accordance with the German TR-G19 – the TME400 is suitable and approved for use in custody transfer applications – in natural gases with a maximum hydrogen content of 10 mol-%, with the accuracy specified in chapter 1.4.2.9 Measuring accuracy.

Since there are currently no certified test rigs in Germany to calibrate meters with higher hydrogen-containing gases, an accuracy above 10 mol-% cannot be tested or certified.

Not custody transfer measurements are of course possible in natural gases with a hydrogen content above 10 mol%. However, a reduced measuring range must be taken into account if applicable. Please contact RMG for further information.

# 1.4. Areas of application

The following chapter provides handling instructions for the TME400 turbine meter for the purpose of safe and reliable operation of the device.

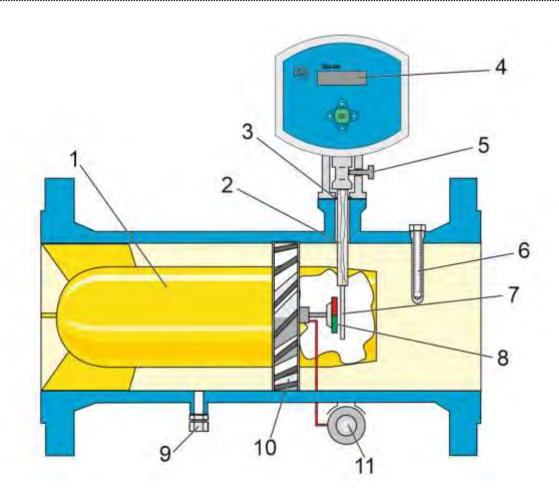
### **Note**

Some of the settings described below must not be made until you have read the explanations in *chapter4 Operation*.

# 1.4.1. Working principle of the TME400

The working principle of a mechanical turbine meter is based on the measurement of the gas velocity of the flowing gas which powers a turbine wheel. The speed of the turbine within the measuring range  $(Q_{min} - Q_{max})$  is approximately proportional to the mean gas velocity and thus the flow rate. The number of rotations, therefore, is a measurement for the gas volume flowing through.





- 1 Flow straightener
- 2 Sensor sleeve
- 3 O-ring
- 4 Counter
- 5 Clamp screw
- 6 Thermowell for temperature comparison (fiscal)

- 7 Sensor
- 8 Permanent magnet
- 9 Pressure connection
- 10 Turbine wheel
- 11 Oil pump

Figure 1: Turbine meter sectional drawing

There is a permanent magnet on the end disc of the turbine shaft which induces a voltage pulse in the Wiegand sensor with every rotation. This pulse is supplied to the measuring unit of the meter head, which detects the operating volume flow directly as a main totalizer and determines the gas volume flowing through the meter by adding up the pulses and division by the meter factor (number of pulses per m³). This operating volume is shown in the display of the TME400.

### Note

The unchanged signal frequency of the sensor element is output at the HF output.

The LF output transmits this HF frequency with a variable scaling factor (*chapter 4.3.3.1 Volume / Meters*).

# 1.4.2. Integrating the turbine meter into the pipeline

Turbine meters from RMG are equipped with connecting flanges. For a secure connection, the connection dimensions of the flanges of the pipelines to be connected must match the connection dimensions of the flanges of the device.

- ANSI pressure levels: flange connection dimensions correspond to the standard ASME B 16.5.
- DIN pressure levels: flange connection dimensions correspond to the standard DIN EN 1092.

#### 1.4.2.1. Seals

• Flat seals:  $k_0 \times K_D = 20 \times b_D \mid k_1 = 1.3 \times b_D \mid N/mm \mid$ 

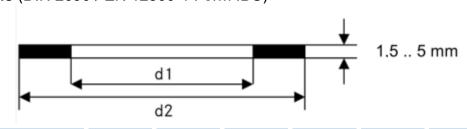
• Grooved seals:  $k_0 \times K_D = 15 \times b_D \mid k_1 = 1.1 \times b_D \mid N/mm \mid$ 

• Spiral seals:  $k_0 \times K_D = 50 \times b_0 \mid k_1 = 1.4 \times b_0 \mid N/mm \mid$ 

• Octagonal ring-joint seal: KD = 480 N/mm<sup>2</sup>

Refer to the tables below for the recommended dimensions.

### Flat seals (DIN 2690 / EN 12560-1 Form IBC)

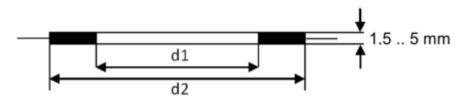


			PN 10	PN 16	ANSI 150	PN 25	PN 40
D	N	d1			d2		
50	2"	77	107	107	105	107	107
80	3"	90	142	142	137	142	142



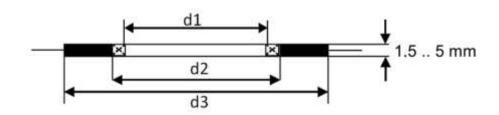
100	4"	115	162	162	175	168	168
150	6"	169	218	218	222	225	225
200	8"	220	273	273	279	285	292
250	10"	274	328	330	340	342	353
300	12"	325	378	385	410	402	418
400	16"	420	490	497	514	515	547
500	20"	520	595	618	607	625	628
600	24"	620	695	735	718	730	745

# Grooved seals (EN 12560-6 with centering ring)



		ANSI 300	ANSI 600	PN 64	
	N	d1	d2	d1	d2
50	2"	69.8	88.9	65	87
80	3"	98.4	123.8	95	121
100	4"	123.8	154.0	118	144
150	6"	177.8	212.7	170	204
200	8"	228.6	266.7	220	258
250	10"	282.6	320.7	270	315
300	12"	339.7	377.8	320	365
400	16"	422.3	466.7	426	474
500	20"	530.2	581.0	530	578
600	24"	631.8	682.6	630	680

# **Spiral seals** (EN 12560-2 with centering ring)





				ANS	I 300		PN	64		ANS	l 600
	D	N	d1	d2	d3	d1	d2	d3		d1	d2
	50	2"	51	69.9	85.9	54	66	84	51	69.9	85.9
	80	3"	81	101.6	120.7	86	95	119	81	101.6	120.7
-	100	4"	106.4	127.0	149.4	108	120	144	106.4	120.7	149.4
	150	6"	157.2	182.6	209.6	162	174	200	157.2	174.8	209.6
	200	8"	215.9	233.4	263.7	213	225	257	215.9	225.6	263.7
.	250	10"	268.3	287.3	317.5	267	279	315	268.3	274.6	317.5
	300	12"	317.5	339.9	374.7	318	330	366	317.5	327.2	374.7
	400	16"	400	422.4	463.6	414	426	466	400	412.8	463.6
	500	20"	500	525.5	577.9	518	530	574	500	520.7	577.9
	600	24"	603.3	628.7	685.8	618	630	674	603.3	628.7	685.8

### For flanges according to ASME to be observed:

- Gasket type: flat gasket tanged sheet metal/graphite or similar

- Gasket dimensions: according to ASME B16.21

- Seal data: design seat tension

 $Y_{max} = 45 \text{ MPa}$ , sealing factor  $m_{max} = 2.5$ 

### Note

When flange seals which protrude into the pipeline are used for turbine meters, the measuring accuracy can be influenced negatively. Ensure that the flange seals do *not* protrude beyond the seal surfaces into the pipeline.

# **A** Danger

Gas escape due to incorrect seal

If incorrect flange seals are used for the assembly of turbines, an explosive gas mixture can form due to leaks.

Danger of poisoning and explosion!

In addition, the stress on the flange is increased to an impermissible level when tightening the thread bolts.

Ensure secure fastening/attachment of the TME400 during assembly in order to avoid crushing. Ensure that you keep your fingers (or other body parts) away from these openings and gaps when pulling the flanges together.



### 1.4.2.2. Screws

	Temperature ranges for screws and nuts							
	-10°C to +80°C	-40°C to +80°C						
Pressure levels		Option 1	Option 2	Option 3				
up to and including 40 bar	Screws according to DIN EN ISO 4014 in material 5.6	Screws according to DIN EN ISO 4014 in material 25CrMo4,						
	Nuts according to DIN EN ISO 4032 in material 5-2	Nuts according to DIN EN ISO 4032 in material 25CrMo4						
40 bar or higher	Threaded bolts according to ANSI B1.1 material ASTM A 193 degree B7, Nuts according to ANSI B1.1 material ASTM A 194 degree 2H,	Threaded bolts according to ANSI B1.1 material ASTM A 320 degree L7, Nuts according to ANSI B1.1 material ASTM A 320 degree L7,	Threaded bolts according to ANSI B1.1 material 42CrMo4 Nuts according to ANSI B1.1 material 42CrMo4	Reduced shaft screws according to DIN 2510 material 25CrMo4, Nuts according to DIN 2510 material 25CrMo4				

# For flanges according to ASME to be observed > -10°C:

Screw material SA.193 B7/B7M according to ASTM A193 Grade B7 or comparable materials.

### **Note**

Reduced shaft screws must only be used for devices in the area of application of the Pressure Equipment Directive.

The durability of the flange connection was verified using the screws listed in this chapter in combination with the seals listed in the previous chapter with the following maximum material characteristic data according to AD200 rules and regulations. Other screw/flange variants were not tested.

Malfunctions can occur with incorrect seals.

### 1.4.2.3. Meter housing material

Cast steel or round steel material, depending on the pressure level and nominal diameter. Aluminum or stainless steel for the screw-type versions.

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#### 1.4.2.4. Installation

### Note

Installations disturbing the gas flow directly upstream of the turbine meter must be avoided

(see DVGW guideline G 492 II and PTGB guideline G 13).

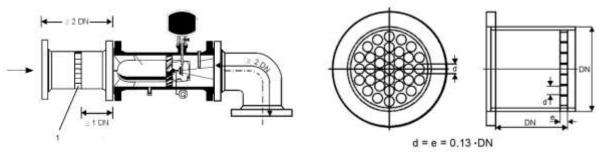
An inlet pipe of at least 2 x DN is required upstream from the turbine meter TME400. The inlet pipe must be designed as a straight pipe section with the same nominal diameter as the meter. With heavy upstream pertubations, installation of straighteners is recommended (refer to the table on the next page). A pipe or bend with the nominal diameter of the meter having a total length of 2 x DN must be arranged downstream from the meter.

Temperature measuring devices must be installed at a distance of at least 1 x DN or at least 300 mm with nominal diameters  $\geq$  DN 300.

If there is pertubation (e.g. a gas pressure control device) upstream from the inlet pipe, a perforated plate straightener is also necessary. Perforated plate straightener according to ISO 5167-1 or the type RMG LP-35, which cause a pressure loss by a factor of 2.5 in comparison with the standard straightener, can be used.

Recommended installation with straightener

Perforated plate straightener LP 35



- 1 Perforated plate straightener
- The opening angle of the reducing or expansion pieces which are installed upstream from the TME400 turbine meter must not be more than 30°.

#### Note

If necessary, a screen must be installed before the inlet pipe of the meter for protection of the turbine meter from foreign objects which may be present in the gas flow. The screen can be, for example, a perforated plate/filter of  $\varnothing$  0.15 mm.

# **Danger**

Protect the turbine meter from damage caused by high pressure changes fluctuations in the flow, e.g. if the downstream pipeline system is filled or blown off.

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### $\mathbf{A}$

# **Danger**

Welding on the line must only take place at a safe distance from the meter. Extreme temperatures in the line near the meter can cause permanent damage to the meter.

# $\mathbf{\Lambda}$

### **Danger**

Establish all electrical connections between meters and amplifiers or flow computers as specified in the installation manual. Ensure that the connections are intrinsically safe.

# A

### Caution

Liquids remaining in the line after hydrostatic testing can damage internal parts of the meter.

If hydrostatic testing is not possible, the turbine meter must be replaced with a pipe section. Ensure that there is no liquid remaining in the line above the meter after the hydrostatic testing.

### 1.4.2.5. Threshold values

The following threshold values are recommended for maximum durability and the highest measuring accuracy:



Note	
Maximum overload	< 20% above Q <sub>max</sub> , short-term (< 30 sec)
Maximum flow rate changes and/or impact loads	< 0.01·Qmax/sec = 1% of Qmax/sec e.g. start-up 0 - 100%: > 100 sec
Maximum pressure change:	< 0.1 bar/sec
Maximum flow pulsation:	< 5%
Particle size in the gas flow:	< 5 µm
Lubrication:	Refer to lubrication chapter Intervals depend on the status of the gas (condensate, rust, dust)
Vibration / mech. vibration:	< 1 mm/sec (vibration speed)

These measures must be determined and checked during commissioning, before filling, during the start-up and run-in phase of the meter and evaluated, in particularly with simultaneous occurrence of multiple of these threshold values. Intervention in the system for improvement of measuring conditions must be carried out when the aforementioned threshold values are reached.

### Note

The operator should record the overall measurement data (meter and operating data) during the entire operation in order to be able to recognize causes of potential damage at an early stage and to intervene in good time.

Remedy and/or relief of critical operating statuses can be achieved, for example, with the following measures:

- . Start-up screen (MW < 0.15 mm)
- Filter
- Meter protection perforated plates (Ø 3 4 mm)
- Valves with control drive (flow change)
- . Check valves (pulsation, backflow)



# 1.4.2.6. Technical guideline G13

The installation conditions for new systems according to TRG G13 and the facilitated installation conditions for RMG turbine meters are compared in the table below.

Type of up- stream per- tubation	Installation conditions according to TR G13	Installation conditions for RMG type TME400 meters	Comments
	$\begin{array}{l} \text{Inlet} \geq 5 \; \text{DN} \\ \text{Outlet} \geq 2 \; \text{DN} \end{array}$	$\begin{aligned} & \text{Inlet} \geq 2 \; \text{DN} \\ & \text{Outlet} \geq 2 \; \text{DN} \end{aligned}$	The outlet pipe can also be designed as a bend.
none	Inlet ≥ 10 DN		Pertubation upstream from this inlet pipe does not have to be factored in when the requirements for an alternating and puls- ing flow are fulfilled.
Bend	Inlet ≥ 5 DN	Inlet ≥ 2 DN	
Bends in 2 planes	Inlet ≥ 5 DN plus 2 perforated plate straighteners or a bend straight- ener	Inlet ≥ 2 DN	
Gas pressure regulating device with an attenuator	Inlet ≥ 5 DN	Inlet ≥ 2 DN plus 1 perforated plate straightener	
Gas pressure regulating device without an attenuator	Inlet ≥ 5 DN plus 2 perforated plate straightener	Inlet ≥ 2 DN plus 1 perforated plate straightener	
Diffuser	Inlet ≥ 5 DN plus 1 perforated plate straightener	Inlet ≥ 2 DN	
Diffuser with swirling flow	Inlet ≥ 5 DN plus 2 perforated plate straightener	Inlet ≥ 2 DN	

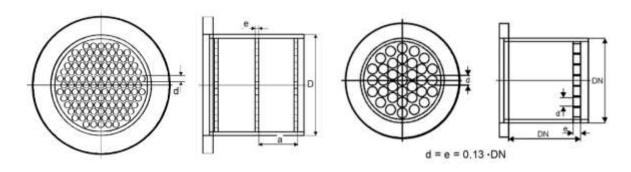


# Perforated plate straightener

The following options are available for the straighteners:

Perforated plate straightener RMG L1 - L3 according to ISO 5167-1 and DIN 1952

Perforate plate straightener RMG LP-35



Characteristics	ISO/DIN	L1-L3	RMG LP-35
Hole diameter d	$d \leq 0.05\;D$	0.04 D	0.13 D
Plate thickness e	$e \ge d$	e = d	0.13 D
Clearance a	$0.5~D \le a \le 1~D$	0.5 D	-
Opening ratio m	$0.2 \leq m \leq 0.4$	0.3	0.6
Dynamic pressure loss Δp		5 - 15 (c² ρ / 2)	2 - 15 (c² ρ / 2)

With the RMG turbine meters, these straighteners fulfill the requirements of technical guideline G 13 and are approved with approval number D 81 / 7.211.10 for turbine meters.

# 1.4.2.7. Standards / guidelines

All RMG turbine meters have passed upstream perturbation measurements according to OIML recommendation IR-32/89, Annex A, with slight and heavy upstream perturbation. Therefore, this meter design fulfills the installation conditions according to technical guideline G 13, section 1. The PTB testing vol. 29 and 30, testing of volume gas meters with air at atmospheric pressure and high-pressure testing rules apply as a testing requirement. The RMG turbine meter TME400 conforms to EN12261. The measuring accuracy in the range of 0.2  $Q_{max}$  to  $Q_{max}$  is between  $\pm$  1.0 % to 1.5 % (see *chapter 1.4.2.9 Measuring accuracy*). The TME400 has an electronic suppression by external shut-down of the totalizer of the slow down cutoff of the turbine wheel after the flow is stopped.



## 1.4.2.8. Measuring ranges

Type TME400 turbine meters have measuring ranges of at least 1:20 at atmospheric pressure (see *chapter 1.4.2.9 Measuring accuracy*). At a higher pressure, the measuring range can be expanded to 1:50. The measuring ranges are between 2.5 and 25,000 m<sup>3</sup>/h (operating conditions), depending on meter size.

The turbine meters with nominal diameter of DN25 and DN40 can be used up to a maximum of 16 bar. However, there may be restrictions for threaded connections that are subsequently used.

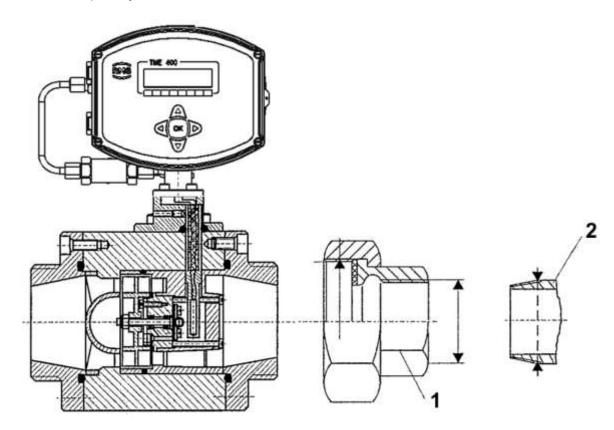


Figure 2: Threaded connection for DN25 and DN40

### 1 – Pipe fitting DIN2950

DN25 thread G 1 1/2 ISO 228-1

DN40 thread G 2 1/4 ISO 228-1

DN25 / thread Rp 1 ISO 7-1

DN40 / thread Pp 1 1/2 ISO 7-1

### 2 – Gas pipe

DN25 / thread R1 ISO 7-1

DN40 / thread R1 1/2 ISO 7-1

According to DIN30690-1, the maximum operating pressure for non-flammable gases may not exceed 16 bar; for flammable gases, EN746-2 defines a maximum pressure of 5 bar for DN25 and 2 bar for DN40. Usually these pressure restrictions are specified on a plate on the pipe fittings.

## 1.4.2.9. Measuring accuracy

The following error limits apply within the permissible measuring range:

				Measurement deviat	tion in the range of
DN	Qmin [m³/h]	Qmax [m³/h]	MR	Qmin-0,2 x Qmax [%]	0,2 x Qmax-Qmax [%]
25	2.5	25	1:10	3	2
40	6	70	1:12	3	1.5
80	13	160	1:12	3	1.0
50	6	100	1:16	3	1.5
80	16	250	1:16	3	1.0
	25	400	1:16	3	1.0
100	25	400	1:16	2	1.0
	40	650	1:16	2	1.0
80	13	250	1:20	3	1.5
	20	400	1:20	3	1.5
100	20	400	1:20	3	1.5
	32	650	1:20	3	1.5

# Note

With a slightly smaller measuring range of 1:16, turbine meters are also available in nominal diameters DN 80 and DN 100, which have an increased accuracy with a deviation of max.  $\pm 1\%$  in the range of 0.2 x  $Q_{max}$ - $Q_{max}$ .

150	32	650	1:20	2	1
	50	1000	1:20	2	1
	80	1600	1:20	2	1
200	80	1600	1:20	2	1
	125	2500	1:20	2	1
250	125	2500	1:20	2	1
	200	4000	1:20	2	1

300	200	4000	1:20	2	1
	325	6500	1:20	2	1
400	325	6500	1:20	2	1
	500	10000	1:20	2	1
500	500	10000	1:20	2	1
	800	16000	1:20	2	1
600	800	16000	1:20	2	1
	1250	25000	1:20	2	1

### 1.4.2.10. Pressure loss

The measuring parts for determining pressure loss are 1 x DN upstream and downstream of the meter. The pressure loss is calculated according to the following formula:

$$\Delta p = Z_p \cdot \rho \cdot \frac{Q_m^2}{DN^4}$$

Device type	Zp	
Turbine meter TME400	5040	
Perforated plate straightener L1 according to ISO/DIN	3150	
Perforated plate straightener L2 according to ISO/DIN	6300	
Perforated plate straightener L3 according to ISO/DIN	9450	
Perforated plate straightener LP-35 RMG standard 1260		
Bend straightener RB 19 according to ISO/DIN	1260	

The values for  $Z_p$  are rough averages. The exact value is calculated from the pressure loss, which is determined when testing the meter.



**Example calculation** for the pressure loss of a turbine meter:

### TME400 in DN 150:

 $Q_{m} = 650 \text{ m}^{3}/\text{h}$ 

 $\rho$  = 1.3 kg/m<sup>3</sup> (natural gas at 600 mbar overpressure)

 $Z_p(TME400) = 5040$  (see the table above)

Calculation:

$$\Rightarrow \Delta p = 5040 \cdot 1, 3 \cdot \frac{650^2}{150^4} \text{ mbar}$$

$$= \underline{5.5 \text{ mbar}}$$

## 1.4.2.11. Putting the device into operation

### Note

You receive the TME400 parameterized and calibrated according to your specifications, so that no additionally settings are generally required.

However, check whether these settings match your specifications; check the settings of the pulse width, the frequency reducer and the settings of the current output (for versions with current output).

Bring all totalizers to the meter status which you desire. (see *chapter 4.2 Program-ming*).

#### Note

Parameters can be changed exclusively with the device open.

### 1.4.2.12. Maintenance / lubrication

The TME 400 turbine gas meter is maintenance-free (apart from the lubrication for meters with an oil pump).

Meters in custody transfer operation must be calibrated at the prescribed intervals (according to national law). For meters in secondary operation, we recommend from a metrological point of view a check at the manufacturer every 5 to 8 years.



The TME400 is equipped with permanently lubricated bearings up to a nominal diameter of DN150 as standard. Nominal diameters of DN200 or higher are provided with an integrated lubricating device. Optionally, the TME400 can also be equipped with the "small oil pump" lubricating devices for DN25 to DN150 versions.

The type of lubricating device and the lubricant requirement depend on the nominal diameter and the pressure level:

Nominal diameter	Pressure classes	Lubricating device	Lubricant require- ment
DN25-DN150	All pressure classes	As necessary (see below) optional small oil pump (push-button operated)	Every 3 months 6 strokes
DN200 DN250	All pressure classes PN10 to PN16 ANSI 150	Small oil pump (push-button operated)	Every 3 months 6 strokes
DN250 > DN300	PN25 to PN100 ANSI300 toANSI600 All pressure classes	Large oil pump (lever operated)	Every 3 months 2 strokes

Also observe the notice plate on the housing.

In unfavorable conditions, e.g. with an accumulation of water and hydrocarbon condensate, as well as dust-laden gases, more frequent lubrication is recommended, even daily in extreme cases (e.g. with continuous condensate formation).

### Note

Recommended lubricating oil:

Shell Tellus S2 MA 10 or another oil with 2 to 4°E at 25°C.

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# 2. Installation

# 2.1. Electrical connections

Open the cover of the meter in order to reach the electrical connections.



Figure 3: Unscrewing the screws to open the cover





Figure 4: Electronics with cover of the calibration button

- Jumper for RS 485 terminating resistor. Bridged: with 120  $\Omega$ ; open:  $\infty \Omega$
- 2 Calibration switch
- 3 Current module board
- 4 Cover plate for pressure and temperature sensor and calibration switch
- 5 Normal position, indicated by green arrows



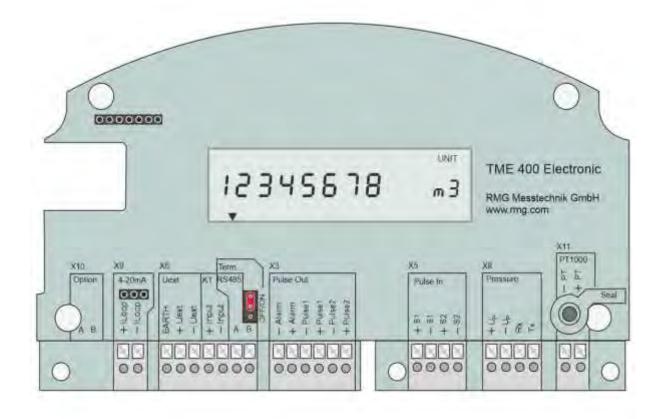


Figure 5: Connection assignment of the TME400

### **Note**

Generally, no electrical connections are necessary when the turbine meter is used strictly as a flow indicator.

However, assignments are possible; the pin assignments of the TME400 are shown in in *Figure 5: Connection assignment of the TME400*. If, for example, the TME400 is to be used as a "flow sensor", the current must be connected to 4..20 mA (**terminal block X9**). The 4..20 mA current is then connected to the two terminals. For this function, the optional current module must be plugged in at the top left (see *Figure 4: Electronics with cover of the calibration button*).

The "sensor" TME400 is passive, it is fed and limits the current to the corresponding value. With this use, the current serves as an additional current supply (see *chapter 1.3.3 Power supply*). Here, care must be taken to ensure that this power supply is galvanically isolated.



If digital communication with the TME400 is required, it can be connected to the RS485. The differential signals are obtained via data lines A and B under RS485 (**terminal block X6**). Please pay attention to crossed signal lines and change the connections if appropriate. If necessary, the data interface can be conditioned using a jumper. Normally, the resistance is infinitely large ( $\infty$   $\Omega$ ); for a point-to-point connection or if the terminal device is part of a bus system, the resistance must be set to 120  $\Omega$ .

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Via "+ Uext" (external voltage supply, positive potential) and "- Uext" (external voltage supply, negative potential) the TME400 can be fed with 6-30 VDC in addition to the internal battery (in non-Ex areas). "Earth" is used for internal voltage balance. The power supply can be independent or in combination with the RS485 interface. Anyhow, this supply voltage is required for communication via the RS485 interface.

**Terminal block X6** also contains a digital input K1, which can be used to start, stop and reset the totalizer; "+Input" is the contact input for positive potential, "-Input" the contact input for negative potential.

# A

### Caution

In the Ex version, refer to the EC type approval certificate for the maximum values for the current output and the RS 485!

Via "Pulse In" (**terminal block X5**), pulses proportional to the flow rate at measurement conditions can be read from an encoder with 1 or 2 frequency outputs (main encoder and second redundant encoder if required).

Encoder (sensor) 1 is connected to the terminals via "+S1" (positive potential) and "-S1" (negative potential), encoder (sensor) 2 is connected to "+S2" and "-S2". This is especially necessary for the TME400-VMF version operated at custody-transfer applications. The sensor types can be selected in coordinates Z26/27 (see chapter 4.3.3.7 Settings). Pulse input 2 is only active if a 2-channel counting mode is selected (coordinate Z25).

Via "Pulse Out2" (**terminal block X3**) pulses and redundant pulses can be output. An alarm output can also be connected here. These six terminals combine the three digital outputs:

-Alarm: Alarm output negative potential

+Alarm: Alarm output positive potential

The alarm output works according to the closed-circuit current principle. The switching contact is closed in undisturbed condition.

-Pulse 1: HF output negative potential

+Pulse 1: HF output positive potential

At this output, the arriving pulses at pulse input 1 are synchronously with a pulse width of 1 ms.

-Pulse 2: LF output negative potential

+Pulse 2: LF output positive potential

Output pulses are output at these terminals depending on the change in the volume flow rate. The pulse output factor can be used to weight the number of output pulses in relation to the increase in volume.

For the device types TME400-VC and TME400-VCF, the dependence of the pulse output on the standard volume can also be selected (see coordinates A11 and A21). In coordinate A23 the possible pulse width can be 20ms, 125ms or 250ms.

A pressure sensor can be connected to the four connections of **terminal block X8**: "+Up" positive and "-Up" negative voltage supply for pressure sensor; "RX" or "TX" are the serial data received from the pressure sensor or sent to the pressure sensor.

The temperature sensor, a Pt1000, is connected to the terminals **of terminal block X11** in two-wire connection. Pressure and temperature sensors are generally only in use with the TME400-VC and TME400-VCF versions.

The terminals of the **terminal block X10** are connections for an optional module which is not yet supported by the firmware.

Use the wire end ferrules for the connecting cable and route them in from below; a seal holds the cable. To be able to pull a cable out again, press the small white square (marked with the X) down using a small screwdriver (at the bottom in Figure 4: Electronics with cover of the calibration button and Figure 5: Connection assignment of the TME400; top of the plug strip) in order to open the locking device. Hold down the square and pull the cable out of the connector strip.

Some connection examples are given on the following pages. Anyhow, please check for further connections the data and limitations of the connected devices in the documentations of these devices.



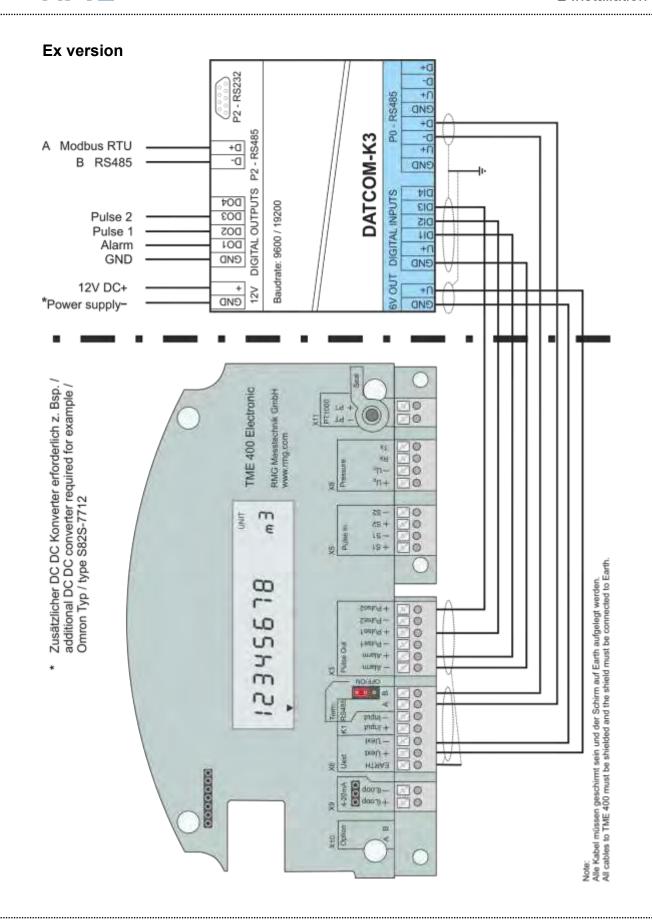
### Caution

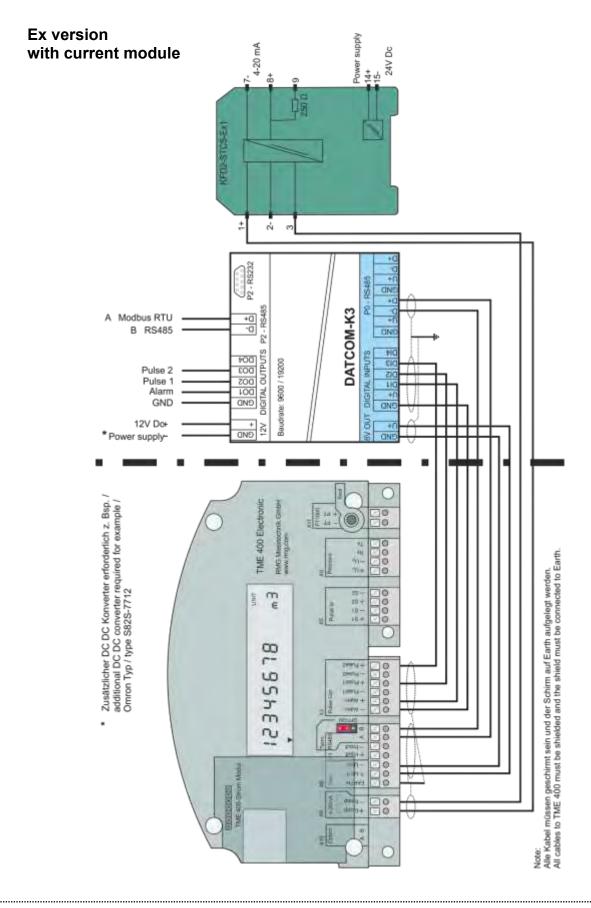
The TME400 and connected devices do not have any plugs that have a to prevent polarity reversal.

Pay careful attention to the correct connections!



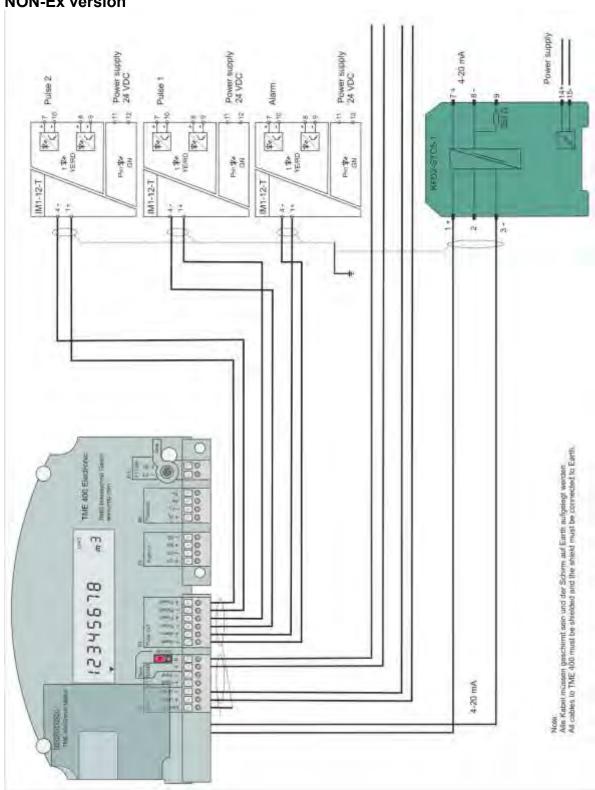








# **NON-Ex version**



# 3. TME400

# 3.1. Display field

A single-line alphanumeric display with 12 characters enables representation of the data and measurements together with the short description or the unit.

# **Total flow volume**

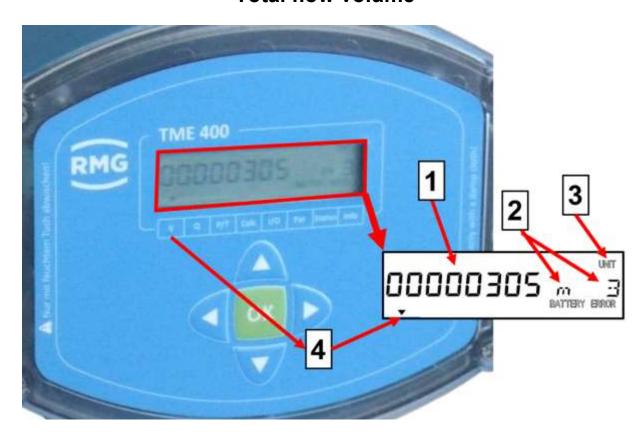


Figure 6: Display field

- 1 8 characters for the value
- 2 Unit [m³]

- 3 Text: UNIT
- 4 Display arrow for volume

The LCD display and its operation are designed to save energy in order to enable battery-powered operation. The display can be impaired at temperatures below -25°C or above +60°C.



# 3.1.1. Display test

The display test is provided to ensure that all fields of the display function properly. For this purpose, please press and hold the up arrow and down arrow buttons ( and ) for more than 2 seconds. The following display appears while these buttons are held.

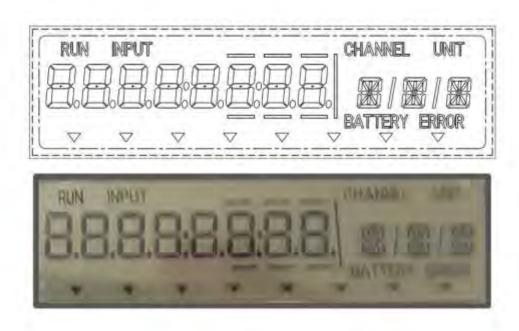


Figure 7: Display at display test

### 3.1.2. Reset

To reset the system, the voltage supply is interrupted and the TME400 is switched off for this period. For this purpose, the battery and any existing external voltage supply are disconnected. The program and operating parameters are not lost in the process and the meter statuses are saved.

# **3.1.3.** Booting up

It may be necessary to re-boot the device in case of severe faults.

# **A** Caution

It is necessary to remove the seals, particularly the seal over the calibration button in order to boot up (see *Figure 8: Position of the calibration button*).

The TME400 must only be used for custody transfer with unbroken seal. Removal or damage to seals normally entails considerable expenses!

Re-application of seals must only be carried out by an officially recognized inspection authority or calibration officials!



Figure 8: Position of the calibration button

## Note

The current parameter settings and meter statuses are lost when re-booting! They are reset to standard values.

Therefore, prior to booting up, read and store all parameters of the TME400.



### Proceed as follows to re-boot:

- Switch off the devices
- Press the "left ◀" and "right ▶" buttons simultaneously
- · Switch on the voltage again
- Then, the text "del All" appears in the display.
- Release the depressed buttons.
- Press the calibration button with a thin pencil or small screwdriver.
- Now the device is booted up and the display shows "Boot".
- Then, "done" appears in the display and the meter status of the main meter is displayed.

Then, re-transmit all device parameters to the TME400 or enter the values from the test certificated.

### Note

The serial interface is set to 38400 Bps, 8N1, Modbus RTU after booting. These are also the default values of RMGView<sup>TME</sup> (see *chapter 4.5 RMGViewTME*).

# 3.1.4. Battery replacement

### Note

The coordinate G24 (see *chapter 4.3.3.4 Error / type plate*) indicates the remaining battery capacity. If the remaining capacity falls below 10 %, a warning is generated.

In order to replace the battery, unscrew the large screw on the right side of the electronics with a large screwdriver or a coin.

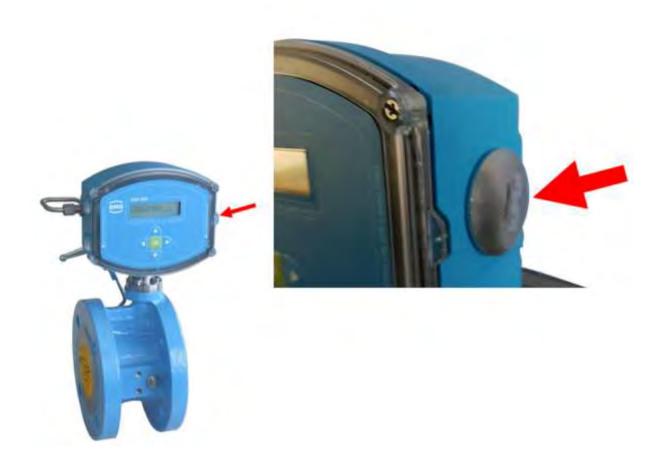


Figure 9: Position of the battery housing

The meter is rotated in the next figure, showing the rear area in this figure below. Now, you can pull out the battery holder with battery on a handle.

The battery can be removed vertically in relation to the battery holder by pulling slightly. When installing the new battery, ensure that the polarity is retained for the new battery.



# Danger

The battery must only be replaced in a non-explosive atmosphere. Ensure that the electronics are supplied with adequate ventilation with fresh air.

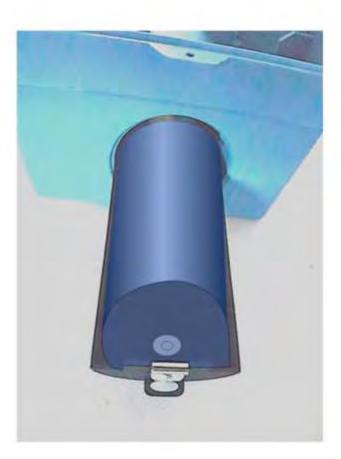


Figure 10: Battery holder

### Note

The battery can be changed during operation.

- All readings of the counter(s) and all counting parameters are retained.
- After changing the battery, the current time and date must be entered again (coordinates X01 and X02; see *chapter 4.3.3.6 Archive*). In addition, the battery change must be indicated in coordinate G25. This updates the battery change date and sets the operating hours G26 to 0 and the battery capacity G24 to 100 %.
- The current flow rate value is not stored during the change because there is no additional battery buffering.



 $\mathbf{A}$ 

# **Danger**

According to the type examination certificate, only the following battery types may be used in potentially explosive areas:

- Saft, type LS33600, 17 Ah or
- XENO, type XL 205-F, 19 Ah

# Note

You can also have the battery replaced by the RMG Service department; please contact RMG for this purpose (see page 2).

Please only use the battery types intended by RMG. They are available as spare parts.



# 4. Operation

# 4.1. Operation concept



Figure 11: Front panel

The concept of the operation is simple and easy to implement with knowledge of the coordinates.

# 4.1.1. Coordinate system

All configuration data, measurements and computed values are sorted in a table in a coordinate system which enables easy access. The coordinate system is divided into several columns, as shown on, in part, on the front panel (see *top* and *bottom*).



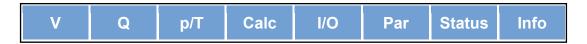


Figure 12: 8 columns of the coordinate system

# Note

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With the TME400-VM and TME400-VMF turbine meters, the p/T and Calc. columns cannot be selected.

With the cursor buttons (arrows)



you can reach each value by gently pressing the desired button in this coordinate system.

Keypad	Description	Effect
•	Left arrow	Switches the column of the table from right to left
<b>A</b>	Up arrow	<b>Upward movement</b> within the column of the table: You move from the last value of the list towards the first value.  This is also used to adjust numbers (counting up).
<b>V</b>	Down arrow	<b>Downward movement</b> within the column of the table: You move from the first value of the list towards the last value.  This is used to adjust numbers (counting down).
<b>&gt;</b>	Right arrow	Switches the column of the table from left to right
ОК	Function	The following functions are triggered by pressing: pressed < 2 seconds = display of the coordinate pressed > 2 seconds = switch to settings mode (see below)



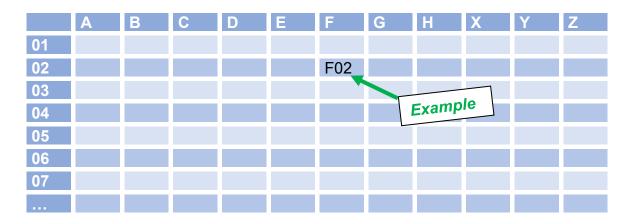
# 4.1.2. Display and coordinate system

The main meter is displayed in normal operating mode. The other display values can be selected with the operating buttons. After approx. 1 minute, the TME400 switches back to the main meter.

If the display is dark, the TME400 is in energy-saving mode, where the display is completely switched off. The incoming pulses are processed, and the outputs are actuated.

The display value is shown again by pressing any operating button.

Any arbitrary position in the coordinate system, which is identified by letters and numbers, can be reached with the arrow keys.



### Example:

F02 Current mode. The current output can be configured here.

# 4.1.3. Parameter protection

### Note

All custody-transfer parameters are protected by the (sealed) calibration button.

There are different access authorizations for the parameters with which unauthorized changes are suppressed. The different access rights are assigned to the coordinates by a letter. They are shown in the coordinate list. The following access levels are used:



Access level	Access right
Α	Display values, change not possible
N	Parameter for which no password is necessary for use
С	Code word Entry of a code word is necessary to change the parameter.
E	Calibration button  Custody-transfer variant TME400-VMF:  Custody-transfer display values / parameters, use of the calibration button is necessary.  Non-custody-transfer variant TME400-VM:  Entry of the code word is adequate.
	Note
	Enabling or disabling the code word or opening the calibration button creates an entry in the event archive (see below).

# 4.2. Programming

There are five buttons available on the front foil for programming of the TME400. Alternatively, you can carry out programming via the RMGView<sup>TME</sup> operating software (see *chapter 4.5 RMGViewTME*).

# 4.2.1. Programming with the programming buttons

Basically, you proceed as follows for the programming:

- First check the protection status of the coordinate. When parameters are not protected, you can carry out changes, as described below without additional measures.
- With parameters protected by code word, you must enter it first in coordinate Z15. Please read how to make the entry as below.
- With parameters protected for custody-transfer applications, you must press the calibration button first.



# **▲** Caution

It is necessary to remove the seals, particularly the seal over the calibration button in order to press the calibration button (see *Figure 8: Position of the calibration button*).

The TME400 must only be used for custody transfer with unbroken seal. Removal or damage to seals normally entails considerable expenses!

Re-application of seals must only be carried out by an officially recognized inspection authority or calibration officials!

The principle of the programming is shown based on the example of changing the output pulse factor:

- I. Move with the arrows ( ) to the position: A11
- II. Activate the calibration button (see Figure 8: Position of the calibration button)
- III. The blinking "INPUT" text appears above the displayed value in the display view.
- IV. Press OK for more than 2 seconds
- V. The value begins to blink at a position
- VI. With the and arrows, you can now increase or decrease the value at this position. For the values, after the "0", you also have "-1" available in order to enter negative values, if necessary.
- VII. With the and arrows, you can move to a different position of the value and change it as described in the point above.
- VIII. An additional position is added when you move with the and before the displayed number.

  For example, only the units digit is displayed. If you move in front of it, you will also have the tens position available as an entry.
- IX. By pressing and holding the "right" button , the position of the decimal point is changed. After pressing and holding, the decimal point is inserted after the blinking digit.
- X. By pressing and holding the "left" button , the entry can be canceled. If a change and/or entry is necessary, the entry must be restarted.
- XI. When you have finished making an entry, you confirm it by briefly pressing OK
- XII. A plausibility check takes place and the result is displayed immediately.
- XIII. If this check shows an implausible entry, "rAnGE" will be shown briefly in the display and the display jumps back to the original value.
- XIV. If this check shows a plausible entry, "Good" will be shown briefly in the display and the value is adopted as a new value.
- XV. Now you can if necessary change other parameters.

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- XVI. After about 1 minute without additional entries, the display returns to the display of the main meter.
- XVII. By pressing the calibration, you close the further entry of custody-transfer parameters.
- XVIII. After another minute without an entry, the change possibility is closed automatically.

### Note

Some of the coordinates permit other settings as purely numerical values. However, these other entries are assigned numbers so that the adjustment can be carried out as described.

**Example:** Current mode F02 can be deactivated or activated on various settings. This is adjusted as follows:

0	Off (default)
1	No errors
2	Error 3.5 mA
3	Error 21.8 mA
4	0 - 20mA

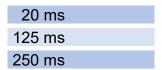
If F02 = "0" is selected for the coordinate, the current output is switched off.

## Note

With some coordinates, a number is assigned fixed values. Instead of an adjustment with 0, 1, ..., these numerical values are shown directly. Changes are possible with the arrows and w, then the next higher or lower value is shown and can be adopted with

### Example:

Digital output 2 pulse width (coordinate A22) can adjust the pulse width to 3 different widths. The following values can be directly as an assignment:





# 4.3. Equations in the TME400

The TME400 enables calculation of different values from the measured data and in the data entered in the TME400. For a better understanding, some variables and formula in this chapter are presented in advance; other equations and definitions of parameters are found in the *chapter 4.3.3. Coordinates in context.* 

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# 4.3.1. Variable description

Formula symbol	Units	Name
$q_m$	m³/h	Operating volume flow at measurement condition
fv	Hz	Frequency of the volume transmitter
$K_V$	$I/m^3$	Meter factor
$V_m$	m <sup>3</sup>	Operating volume flow rate at measurement condition
$P_V$	Nondimensional (1)	Volume pulse
$K_{Z1}$	m <sup>3</sup> /l	Meter factor (only for output contacts)
$K_{Z2}$	m <sup>3</sup> /l	Meter factor (only for output contacts)

### 4.3.2. Standard formula

Variables presented from the previous chapter can be used for the basic equation for the volume flow at measurement conditions:

$$V_m = \frac{P_V}{K_V} \frac{1}{K_{Z1}}$$

(Volume flow at measurement conditions =  $\frac{Number\ of\ pulses}{Meter\ factor\ x\ Totalizer\ factor}$ )

## 4.3.3. Coordinates in context

In the following, the coordinates which can be addressed with the TME400-VM and TME400-VMF turbine meters are shown. In the tables, the parameters which can be addressed with the TME400-VM are shown in light blue and the values which are **additionally** available with the version for custody-transfer applications, TME400-VMF, are shown in orange.

TME400-VM	Non-custody-transfer applications
TME400-VMF	Custody-transfer applications

### 4.3.3.1. Volume / Meters

Coordinate	Name	Description
A02	Operating volume	Volumes added up at current (temperature and pressure) conditions.
A05	Uncorrected operating volume	Z26: If the characteristic correction is deactivated, A05 is not visible and cannot be adjusted.  If a characteristic correction is activated, this characteristic curve correction is deactivated from 0 up to this value A05.
A06	Volume Start/Stop	Starts and stops a volume flow measurement
A07	Volume Reset	Sets the volume flow rate to 0
A10	Meter factor	With the meter factor (pulse value), the corresponding operating value flow is calculated from the signal frequency of the sensor element in the meter electronics. $q_m = \frac{f_V}{K_V} * 3600 [\frac{m^3}{h}]$
		The meter factor must be calibrated at the factory so that a direct meter display in cubic meters.
		Note
		A change of this adjustment takes place in the responsibility of the operator.
		After any change to the meter factor, calculation takes place with the new value immediately.  The uninfluenced signal frequency of the sensor element is available at the HF output. The frequency range can be determined from the

meter factor K and the minimum and maximum operating volume flow of the meter according to the formula:

$$f_{V \, min} = \frac{q_{m \, min}}{3600} * K_V \quad f_{V \, max} = \frac{q_{m \, max}}{3600} * K_V$$

 $q_{m \, min}$ : minimum operating volume flow  $q_{m \, max}$ : maximum operating volume flow

### Example:

$$q_{m \, min} = 16 \, \text{m}^3/\text{h}$$

$$q_{m \, max} = 250 \, \text{m}^3/\text{h}$$

 $K_V = 2362 \text{ pulses/m}^3$ 

$$f_{V \text{ min}} = \frac{16}{3600} \frac{m^3}{s} \cdot 2362 \frac{\text{Impulse}}{m^3} = 10,5 \text{ Hz}$$

$$f_{V \text{ max}} = \frac{250}{3600} \frac{m^3}{s} \cdot 2362 \frac{\text{Impulse}}{m^3} = 164 \text{ Hz}$$

# A11 Output pulse factor

The output pulse value indicates how many LF output pulses correspond to one m³ (1 m³).

### A20 Display factor

A20: Display factor for meters, including decimal places

0.1 (i.e. display with 1 decimal place)

1 (default) (display without decimal places)

10 (display without decimal places)

100 (display without decimal places)

#### Example:

If the factor is adjusted to 0.1, the meter status is displayed with one decimal place.

### Note

If the factor is adjusted, for instance, to 10, the display value is displayed without a decimal place.

You get the <u>actual</u> meter status by multiplying the display value by 10.

This setting is marked with a "x 10" sticker (or it must be marked).



A22 Digital output 2 pulse width

20 ms
125 ms (default)
250 ms

A12 Meter factor corrected

The meter can be adjusted by the operator, e.g. during calibration.
This value does not change.

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Coor- dinate	Name	Modbus register	Modbus access	Protection	Data type	Min.	Max.	Default	Unit
A02	Operating volume	302	W	E	uint32	0	99999999	0	$m^3$
A05	Uncorrected operating volume	308	W	Е	uint32	0	99999999	0	$m^3$
A06	Volume Start/Stop	310	W	N	uint32	0	99999999	0	$m^3$
A07	Volume Reset	312	W	N	uint32	0	99999999	0	$m^3$
A10	Meter factor	500	W	E	string12	*	*	1000.0	I/m <sup>3</sup>
A11	Output pulse factor	506	W	E	float	0.01	100	1.0	I/m <sup>3</sup>
A20	Display factor	510	W	E	menu16	0	4	2	
A22	Digital output 2 pulse width	512	W	N	menu16	0	2	1	ms
A12	Meter factor corrected	508	R	Α	float	-	-	1.0	I/m <sup>3</sup>

# 4.3.3.2. Flow rate

Coordi- nate	Name	Description
B02	Operating flow rate	Flow rate under current operating conditions
B03	Frequency	Unchanged output value, frequency of Sensor 1.
B05	Min. flow rate	an alarm is generated below this flow rate
B06	Max. flow rate	an alarm is generated above this flow rate
B10, B11, B12, B13; B14;	Coefficients: A-2, A-1, A0, A1, A2	Z26: If the characteristic correction is deactivated, the additional parameters are not visible and cannot be adjusted. If a characteristic correction is activated (see Z26 below), a correction takes place with the factors in: B10: Factor for the characteristic correction B11: Factor for the characteristic correction B12: Factor for the characteristic correction B13: Factor for the characteristic correction B14: Factor for the characteristic correction
B15	Max. operating point deviation	B15: If the deviation of the corrected from the uncorrected characteristic at an operating point (or a range) is more than the adjusted value (2% here), the correction, is set to "0" for this operating point or operating range, which means a correction takes place.
B08	Leak flow volume limit	The flow rate is disregarded below this leak flow volume limit - i.e. it is set to 0



B09

Maximum time > Qug +

Indicates the maximum time until the flow rate (e.g. on start-up) reaches the measuring range (Qmin) after reaching the lower measuring limit (Qug). The flow rate measurement applies as defective during this time, but no error message is generated.

Coor- dinate	Name	Modbus register	Modbus access	Protection	Data type	Min.	Max.	Default	Unit
B02	Operating flow rate	320	R	Α	float	-	-	*	m <sup>3</sup> /h
B03	Frequency	322	R	Α	float	-	-	*	Hz
B05	Min. flow rate	521	W	E	float	*	*	0.0	m <sup>3</sup> /h
B06	Max. flow rate	523	W	Е	float	*	*	1000.0	m³/h
B10	Coefficient A-2	530	W	E	float	*	*	0	Am2
B11	Coefficient A-1	532	W	Е	float	*	*	0	Am1
B12	Coefficient A0	534	W	Е	float	*	*	0	A0
B13	Coefficient A1	536	W	E	float	*	*	0	A1x10 <sup>-4</sup>
B14	Coefficient A2	538	W	E	float	*	*	0	A2x10 <sup>-8</sup>
B15	Max. operating point deviation	540	W	Е	float	0.0	100.0	2.0	kkp
B08	Leak flow volume limit	527	W	Е	float	*	*	*	m <sup>3</sup> /h
B09	Maximum time > Qug +	529	W	E	uint16	0	10000	10	S

# 4.3.3.3. Current output

Coordinate	Name	Descri	ption
F01	Current	Curren	t to be output
F02	Current mode	0	Off (default)
		1	No errors
		2	Error 3.5 mA
		3	Error 21.8 mA
		4	0 - 20mA
			urrent mode is "0", meaning "Off", in apart from parameter urrent mode, no additional parameters of the output are visible stable.
F03	Current source	0	Specification (default)
		1	Operating flow rate
		2	Frequency
		3	Calibration 4mA
		4	Calibration 20mA



F04 Phys. minimum value Current output phys. minimum (required for display in RMGView™E) F05 Phys. maximum value Current output phys. maximum (required for display in RMGView™E) F06 Current specification Specification value for the current output (for testing purposes) F07 **Current moderation** The current output is damped by averaging. A value of 0 corresponds to no damping. A value of 0.99 causes strong averaging. F10 Calibration value 4mA Calibration: Current value 4mA (after activation of current source) F11 Calibration value 20mA Calibration: Current value 20mA (after activation of current source) F12 Module serial number Serial number of the current module

Coor- dinate	Name	Modbus register	Modbus access	Protec- tion	Data type	Min.	Max.	Default	Unit
F01	Current	330	R	Α	float	-	-	-	mA
F02	Current mode	657	W	N	menü16	0	4	0	
F03	Current source	658	W	N	menü16	0	7	0	
F04	Figure below	659	W	N	float	-	-	0.0	
F05	Picture above	661	W	N	float	-	-	1000.0	
F06	Current specification	663	W	N	float	0.0	25.0	12.0	mA
F07	Current moderation	665	W	N	float	0.0	0.99	0.7	I-D
F10	Calibration value 4mA	667	W	N	float	0.0	25.0	4.0	mA
F11	Calibration value 20mA	669	W	N	float	0.0	25.0	20.0	mA
F12	Module serial number	671	W	N	string8	-	-	0000	SN

# 4.3.3.4. Error / type plate

Coordi-	Name	Description
nate		
G01	Current error	Identifies the current error
G02	Software version	Shows the version number of the firmware in the TME400.
G04	Serial number	Serial number of the TME400
G05	Firmware checksum	Shows the checksum of the firmware (important for TME400-VMF and TME400-VCF in custody-transfer applications)
G06	Measuring point	Possibility of numerical identification for the measuring point
G18	Meter number	Number of the turbine meter
G21	CRC metrological Param. EEprom	CRC of metrological parameters EEprom
G23	Date of Battery Exchange	Date of battery exchange



G24	Remaining Battery Capacity	emaining capacity of the battery					
G25	Battery Change	<ul><li>0 No (default)</li><li>1 Yes</li></ul>					
G26	Operating Hours	Operating hours					
G19	Meter size	Meter size (G )					
G20	Date of last battery replacement	Shows the date of the last battery replacement					

Coor- dinate	Name	Modbus register	Modbus access	Protection	Data type	Min.	Max.	Default	Unit
G01	Current error	675	R	Α	uint16	-	-	0	ERR
G02	Software version	676	R	Α	float	-	-	*	Rev
G04	Serial number	680	W	E	int32	0	9999999	01	SNo
G05	Firmware checksum	682	R	Α	int16	-	-	*	CRC
G06	Measuring point	314	W	Α	uint32	*	*	0	Rev
G18	Meter number	699	W	E	int32	*	*	9999 9999	MNo
G21	CRC metrological Param. EEprom	804	R	Α	string8	-	-	CALC	Hex
G23	Date of Battery Exchange	705	W	С	string8	-	-	010117	Bat
G24	Remaining Battery Capacity	790	R	Α	uint16	-	-	100	%
G25	Battery Change	791	W	С	menü16	0	1	0	-
G26	Operating Hours	792	R	Α	uint32	-	-	0	h
G19	Meter size	701	W	E	string8	*	*	4-16000	G
G20	Date of last battery re- placement	705	W	С	int32	*	*	0101 2014	Bat

# 4.3.3.5. RS-485 interface

Coordinate	Name	Description
H01	RS-485 Baud rate	2400 Bps 9600 Bps
		19200 Bps 38400 Bps (default)
H02	RS-485 parameter	0 8N1 (default) 1 8E1 2 8O1



H03 RS-485 protocol

Off

Modbus RTU (default)

Modbus ASCII

H04 Modbus ID

Modbus device address (default = 1).

H05 Modbus register offset

The offset is defined as 1 by RMG.

Coor- dinate	Name	Modbus register	Modbus access	Protection	Data type	Min.	Max.	Default	Unit
H01	RS-485 Baud rate	709	W	N	menu16	0	3	3	Bps
H02	RS-485 parameter	710	W	N	menu16	0	5	0	
H03	RS-485 protocol	711	W	N	menu16	0	2	1	
H04	Modbus ID	712	W	N	uint16	1	250	1	MID
H05	Modbus register offset	713	W	N	uint16	0	10000	1	Mof

## 4.3.3.6. Archive

X20, visible and can be adjusted and deleted as necessary. X21, X22, Minutes archive	Coordi- nate	Name	Description						
X10 Delete parameter archive fill level  X11 Parameter archive fill level  X14 Delete event archive  Display value  0 No (default) 1 Yes  Display value  0 No (default) 1 Yes  X15 Event archive fill level  X16, Measurement archive mode  X17, X18, X19, X20, X21, X22, X21, X22, Minutes archive	X01	Time	Direct entry of the current time as described above.						
Chive  Chive  The (default)  Yes  X11  Parameter archive fill level  X14  Delete event archive  O No (default)  1 Yes  X15  Event archive fill level  Display value  Display value  X16,  X17,  X18,  X19,  X20,  X21,  X22,  Minutes archive	X02	Date	Direct entry of the current date as described above.						
Interest and the second seco	X10								
X15 Event archive fill level Display value  X16, Measurement archive mode  X17, X18, X19, X20, X21, X22, X21, X22,	X11		Display value						
X16, Measurement archive mode    O   Off (default)	X14	Delete event archive							
X17, X18, X19, X20, X21, X22, Minutes archive	X15	Event archive fill level	Display value						
X17 Illicival U 13 Illilliuces (deladit)	X17, X18, X19, X20, X21,		1 On  If measurement archive mode is activated, the following archives are visible and can be adjusted and deleted as necessary.						

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			2	60 minutes	
		X18 delete	0	No (default)	
			1	Yes	
		X19 fill level	Disp	lay value	
		Day archive			6
		X20 delete	0	No (default)	
			1	Yes	
		X21 fill level	Disp	lay value	
		Month archive			
		X22 delete	0	No (default)	
			1	Yes	
		X23 fill level	Disp	lay value	
X24	Delete all Archives	All archives			
		X24 delete	0	No (default)	
			1	Yes	
X12	Delete parameter archive (E)	0 No (default) 1 Yes			
X13	Parameter archive (E) fill level	Display value			

Coor- dinate	Name	Modbus register	Modbus access	Protec- tion	Data type	Min.	Max.	Default	Unit
X01	Time	712	W	E	string8				Т
X02	Date	717	W	E	string8				D
X10	Delete parameter archive	722	W	E	menu16	0	1	0	
X11	Parameter archive fill level	723	R	A	uint16	-	-	0	%
X14	Delete event archive	726	W	E	menu16	0	1	0	
X15	Event archive fill level	727	R	A	uint16	-	-	0	%
X16	Measurement archive mode	728	W	E	menu16	0	1	0	
X17	Minute archive interval	729	W	E	menu16	0	2	0	
X18	Delete minute archive	730	W	E	menu16	0	1	0	
X19	Minute archive fill level	731	R	Α	uint16	-	-	0	%
X20	Delete day archive	732	W	E	menu16	0	1	0	
X21	Day archive fill level	733	R	Α	uint16	-	-	0	%



X22	Delete month archive	734	W	E	menu16	0	1	0	
X23	Month archive fill level	735	R	Α	uint16	-	-	0	%
X24	Delete all archives	812	W	E	menu16	0	1	0	
X12	Delete parameter archive (E)	724	W	E	menu16	0	1	0	
X13	Parameter archive (E) fill level	725	R	A	uint16	-	-	0	%

Further information about archives are in the *Appendix B* Structure of the archives.

# 4.3.3.7. Settings

Coordi- nate	Name	Description			
Z04	X:Y maximum pulse error	A differential circuit compares the metered pulse of measuring and comparison channels alternatingly. Every deviation is counted internally. An alarm is generated if the adjusted limit value is exceeded. The failure counter is reset to 0 for each new measurement or after the maximum number of pulses (Z05) is reached.			
Z05	X:Y maximum pulse	see above			
Z10	Error register 1	Display value			
Z11	Error register 2	Display value			
Z12	Status register 1	Display value			
Z13	Status register 2	Display value			
Z15	Code word release  Change code word	The code word for the TME400 is: 1 2 3 4 This is always displayed as " **** " in the parameter archive.  With entry of this code word, the protected parameters can be changed.			
		A new password can be defined here.			
Z17	Device type	0 TME400-VM (default) 1 TME400-VC 2 TME400-VMF (MID) 3 TME400-VCF (MID)			
Z24	Display active max.	<ul> <li>1 minute (default)</li> <li>5 minutes</li> <li>60 minute test</li> </ul>			



		The time during which the display is active for tests is selected as 60 minutes. In general, however, it must be observed that higher energy consumption is associated with this time, so this time should be selected as short as possible, if possible.
Z25	Volume metering mode	0 1-channel without errors (default)
		1 1-channel stop on error
		2 1-channel run on error
		3 1-channel start / stop
		4 1-channel reset
		5 2-channel stop on error
		6 2-channel run on error
		7 2-channel without X:Y error
		8 1 Channel Start/Stop Mode 2
		With 1-channel measurements (0, 1, 2, 3, 4), the Z04 and Z05 pulse comparison is not activated.  An entry for sensor type 2 is superfluous and has no further significance.  Volume metering mode 8: 1 Channel Start/Stop Mode 2  If the external contact input 3 is closed (or opened), this additional mode 2 triggers a start (or stop) for the start/stop totalizer during this time.
		The LF output and the current output are deactivated for this period (4 mA) and no pulses are output (main totalizers stop).
		In case of an error, the pulses are counted in the error totalizers and current and pulses are output.
Z26	Characteristic correction	If the TME400 is supplied with a current supply, the TME400 enables a characteristic correction via a polynomial. This correction must be activated with coordinate Z26. With this polynomial correction, the corresponding percentage deviations of the turbine meter from a reference standard are determined for fixed percentage flow rate values. From these deviations, a polynomial function which ideally reflects the curve running through these points is calculated. The coefficients of the polynomial A-2, A-1, A0, A1 and A2 are adjusted by the manufacturer in the coordinates B10 to B14 or can be entered there when the manufacturer of the turbine meter provides these values.
		Note
		The HF output pulses (X3 pulse 1) are always uncorrected! With an active characteristic curve correction, no HF pulses are output.
		-



Off (default) On **Z27** Sensor type 1 Reed sensor Wiegand sensor (default) 2 External **Z28** Sensor type 2 Settings are possible, but only make sense in 2-channel operation. Settings changed here have no effect in 1-channel operation, Reed sensor 1 Wiegand sensor (default) External Z29 Volume unit m<sup>3</sup> (Default) cf

Coor- dinate	Name	Modbus register	Modbus access	Protec- tion	Data type	Min.	Max.	Default	Unit
Z04	X:Y maximum pulse error	775	W	E	uint16	1	10000	10	X
Z05	X:Y maximum pulse	776	W	E	uint16	1	10000	10000	Υ
Z10	Error register 1	332	R	Α	int16	-	-	*	Err
Z11	Error register 2	333	R	Α	int16	-	-	*	Err
Z12	Status register 1	334	R	Α	int16	-	-	*	Sta
Z13	Status register 2	335	R	Α	int16	-	-	*	Sta
Z15	Code word release	777	W	N	uint16	1	9999	0	COD
Z16	Change code word	778	W	С	int16	1	9999	1234	C-V
Z17	Device type	779	W	E	menu16	0	3	0	
Z24	Display active max.	780	W	N	menu16	0	2	0	
Z25	Volume metering mode	781	W	E	menu16	0	7	0	
Z26	Characteristic correction	782	W	E	menu16	0	1	0	
Z27	Sensor type 1	783	W	E	menu16	0	2	1	
Z28	Sensor type 2	784	W	E	menu16	0	2	1	
Z29	Volume unit	785	W	E	menu16	0	1	0	

### Note

If the parameter is not dimensioned, the text in the "Unit" column is shown in the display of the TME400 to the right under UNIT.



## 4.4. Special settings

### 4.4.1. Configuration of the current output

The connection of external devices to the current output of the meter is to be carried out as described in chapter 2.1 Electrical connections.

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The parameters are then set in column 'F Current output' of the coordinate matrix as follows:

- 1. In coordinate **F-02** (current mode) select the operating mode of the current output:
  - 0: Off (default)
  - 1: 4-20mA current is always calculated from the physical value
  - 2: 4-20mA below the minimum value output of 3.5 mA
  - 3: 4-20mA above the maximum value output of 21.8 mA.
  - 4: 0-20mA
- 2. In coordinate **F-03** (current source) select the value for output:
  - 0: Fixed value (default)
  - 1: Operating flow rate
  - 2: Sensor frequency
  - 3: Fixed value of 4mA for calibration
  - 4: Fixed value of 20mA for calibration
- 3. In coordinate **F-04** (physical minimum) enter the lower limit for the physical value at which 0 or 4 mA should be output.
- 4. In coordinate **F-05** (physical maximum) enter the upper limit for the physical value eintragen, at which 20 mA should be output.
- 5. In **F-06** (current specification) a fixed value can be entered for the current which is output with the entry 0 in coordinate F-02.
- 6. In **F-07** (damping) the inertia oft he output can be set with values from 0 (minimum) to 0.99 (maximum).

## 4.5. RMGView<sup>TME</sup>

The RMGView<sup>TME</sup> software also provides an additional possibility of parameter input. This software offers you additional options in combination with the TME400.



Figure 13: RMGView<sup>TME</sup> software

For further details, please read the corresponding manual, which can be downloaded from our home page (see page 2).



# 5. Technical data

## 5.1.1. Device types

Reed or transistor	r (with connected turbine meter)
Pulse input	Reed or transistor
Current output	Current loop connection (current supply via this current output possible)
Wiegand (with co	nnected turbine meter)
Use	Direct installation on the TME400 turbine meter instead of the meter head
Pulse input	Wiegand
Current output	Current loop connection (current supply via this current output possible)

## 5.1.2. Inputs

Volume	
Reed	
Pulse frequency	0 Hz 4 Hz
Pulse width	≥ 20 ms
Voltage	low: $\leq 0.9 \text{ V}$ high: $\geq 2.2 \text{ V}$
Wiegand	
Pulse frequency	0 Hz 400 Hz; with battery operation
Pulse width	≥ 5 µs
Voltage	min. 1 V max. 5 V (determined by sensor)

### 5.1.2.1. Power supply

Power supply	
Internal battery	Lithium cell 3.6 V; in the device (battery pack)
External 6-24 V DC via X6	via U <sub>ext</sub> + battery pack ( <b>NON-Ex</b> )
External 6-10.5 V DC via X6	via U <sub>ext</sub> + battery pack ( <b>Ex</b> )
External 6-24 V DC via X9	via current loop connection + battery pack



### 5.1.2.2. Pulse In measuring inputs (sensor 1 / 2)

#### Note

For Ex connection values, see approval.

### **5.1.3. Outputs**

Non-Ex	
$U_{min}$	5 V
$U_{max}(U_i)$	30 V
I <sub>max</sub>	100 mA

For use of the TME400 in hazardous areas the values for the HF, LF and alarm output must be taken from the ATEX certificate.

#### 5.1.4. Data interface

RS-485 data interfac	ce
Uext	6.0 – 24 V

For use of the TME400 in hazardous areas the values must be taken from the ATEX certificate.

#### Note

When using the RS485 interface, the device must be supplied with power via  $U_{\text{ext}}$ .

#### Note

In an Ex version, the connection must only be made to a certified, intrinsic safe current circuit.

The Ex-relevant connection values are specified in the approval.

### 5.1.5. Current loop connection

### **Current loop connection**

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Uext (min)	12 V				
Uext (max)	28 V				
Imin	3.5 mA				
Imax					
External resistance (max.)	External resistance (max.) See: Figure 14: Load depending on feeder supply				
Current output for					
- minimum flow rate		4 mA			
- maximum flow rate		20 mA			
- alarm 3.5 mA or 21.8 mA					
Current output accuracy better than 1% of the end value					

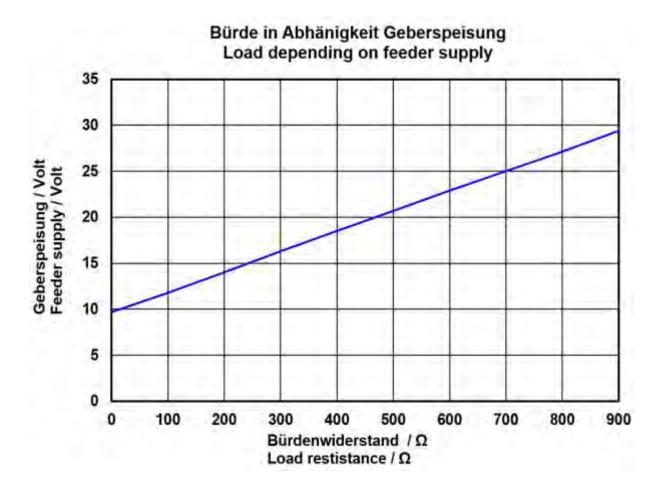


Figure 14: Load depending on feeder supply

For use of the TME400 in hazardous areas the values must be taken from the ATEX certificate.

### 5.1.6. Cable

Signal cables (LF output, HF output, current loop connection, control input) must have 2 or more wires twisted in pairs and shielded (LiYCY-TP).

4-wire, twisted and shielded cables (LiYCY-TP) must be used for the data cables (RS-485).

The shielding must be grounded on both ends - on the TME400, as described in the section 5.1.7 Cable connection.

Cable cross-sections of 0.5 mm<sup>2</sup> are recommended. Due to the cable screw connection, the outer diameter of the cable must be between 4.5 and 6.5 mm.



#### Caution

The maximum cable length is limited when used in hazardous areas due to the limit values for intrinsically safe current circuits and depending on the inductivity and capacity of the cable.

### 5.1.7. Cable connection

Connect the shield on both ends to the cable screw connections on the outside of the housing, as shown in the figure below:

- Unscrew the union nut.
- Pull the terminal insert out of the plastic.
- Slide the cable end through the union nut and the terminal insert and bend the shielding back.
- Plug the terminal insert back into the connecting piece.
- Tighten the union nut.
- Every Ex signal circuit must be routed with a dedicated cable which must be guided through the appropriate PG screw coupling.



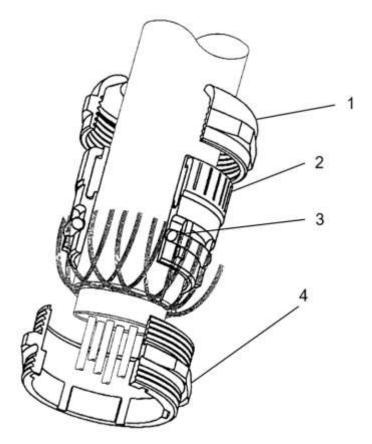


Figure 15: Terminal screw connection

- Coupling nut Terminal insert

- O-ring Connecting piece

### 5.1.8. **Ground**

### **Note**

To avoid measuring errors due to electromagnetic interference, the meter housing <u>must</u> be grounded with the ground connection on the right section of the housing (see *Figure 16: Grounding the meter*).

#### Minimum cable cross-section:

length of up to 10 m: 6 mm²
 length of 10 m or higher:10 mm²



Figure 16: Grounding the meter

In the process, a conductive connection between the TME400 and the pipeline must be provided as shown in the figure below.

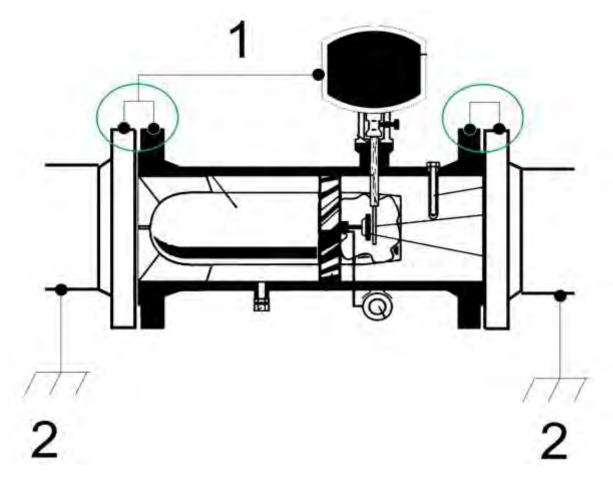


Figure 17: Grounding with the connecting pipes

- Equipotential bonding conductor (PE) min. 6 mm² Measuring system potential
- 1 2

RMG



## 5.2. Overview of materials in use

Name	Material
Housing	Cast iron, cast steel, stainless steel, aluminum or welded steel
Flow straightener	Delrin, aluminum or steel
Turbine wheel	Delrin or aluminum
Measuring unit	Aluminum
Ball bearings	Stainless steel
Shafts	Stainless steel
Gear wheels	Stainless steel or plastic
Magnetic coupling	Stainless steel
Meter head	Plastic
Meter printed circuit board	Aluminum, zinc die-casting or brass



# 6. Error messages

Error messages are shown in the display as an error number and "unit" "Err".



Figure 18: Error message in the display

The message types are:

E = Error

W = Warning

H = Hint

There are the following error messages:

Message type	Error no.	Brief description	Comment
E	1	EEprom version error	Contact RMG service.
E	2	EEprom error	Contact RMG service.
Е	8	Flow rate min/max error	Check the alarm setting for the flow rate.



Е	9	X:Y pulse comparison error	Check the alarm setting for the pulse comparison.
Е	10	Max. output pulse error	Check the alarm setting for the max. output pulse.
Е	11	Current output error	Check your current connections. Contact RMG service in case of uncertainty.
E	12	Error CRC Calibration Parameter	Contact RMG service.

	W	101	Warning Battery Capacity low	Please change the battery
--	---	-----	------------------------------	---------------------------

Н	201	New software version	You have a new firmware version
Н	202	Metrology switch open	Metrology switch open
Н	203	Code word set	Code word is set

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# **Appendix**

### A Modbus

The TME400 has a passive RS-485 interface, which means the interface must be supplied with power externally.

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### **Parameterizing the Modbus**

#### **Modbus activation**

H03 RS-485 protocol

- 0 Off
- 1 Modbus RTU (default)
- 2 Modbus ASCII

The **Modbus - ID** is adjusted via the coordinate H04 (default is 1)

The **Modbus - Register - Offset** (MRO) is entered via coordinate H05 (default is 1). The MRO applies for read and write operations.

#### **Baud rate**

H01 Baud rate RS-485 interface

2400 Bps
9600 Bps
19200 Bps
38400 Bps (default)

### Interface parameters

The interface parameters can be adjusted in coordinate H02.

H02 RS-485 interface parameters

0 8N1 (default)
1 8E1
2 8O1
3 7N1
4 7E1
5 7O1



### The TME400 recognizes the following Modbus commands:

(03 Hex) Read Holding Registers

(06 Hex) Preset Single Register

(10 Hex) Preset Multiple Regs

(08 Hex) Subfunction 00 Hex: Return Query data

### **TME400 Exception Codes**

01 Illegal Function

02 Illegal Data Address (register not available)

03 Illegal Data Value (register not writable or incorrect value)

### **Example (Modbus query/response):**

Query:	Send character	
Start Char	:	
Slave Address	01	
Function	03	
Starting Address Hi	07	
Starting Address Lo	CF	2000-1
No. of Points Hi	00	
No. of Points Lo	02	
LRC	24	
carriage return	cr	
line feed	lf	

Response:	Receive character	
Start Char		
Slave Address	01	
Function	03	
Byte Count	04	
Data Hi (Reg 2000)	3F	see below
Data Lo (Reg 2000)	80	see below
Data Hi (Reg 2001)	00	see below
Data Lo (Reg 2001)	00	see below
LRC	39	
carriage return	cr	
line feed	lf	



#### **Example (Modbus number formats)**

Data type	Reg- ister	Value	Byte 1	Byte 2	Byte 3	Byte 4	Byte 5	Byte 6	Byte 7	Byte 8	Byte 9	Byte 10
float	2	1.0	0x3f	0x80	0x00	0x00						
Text	5	"90111200"	0x39	0x30	0x31	0x31	0x31	0x32	0x30	0x30	0x00	0x00
int	1	1357	0x05	0x4d								
long	2	698614	0x00	0x0a	0xa8	0xf6						

Refer to the Modbus specifications for further information.

#### **Characteristics of the TME400 Modbus**

- Data types (float, text ...) can only be read or written completely

menu16 1 Register int16 1 Register uint16 1 Register int32 2 Register uint32 2 Register float 2 Register string8 4 Register string12 6 Register

- A maximum of 125 registers can be read or written (in one command)...
- Text fields must have at least one terminating zero (0x00).
- Writing of certain parameters causes internal initialization of the hardware and/or:
  - Deletion of intermediate results (pulse output, meter calculation, etc.).
  - Therefore, the parameters should only be overwritten as necessary (e.g. meter factor)
  - Meter statuses are delivered as a uint32 value (without decimal)



Modbus - Register (Version:0.001; Matrix: 001; June 2018)

	MB reg	Reg.	Data type	MB acces	Coordina	ate Name	A	ccess	Unit	Des	cription	
_	302	2	uint32	RW	A02	Volume Mea- surement	Е		&VolumeUnit		ıme at measure- it conditions	
_	306	2	uint32	RW	A04	Volume Mea- surement Error	or E		&VolumeUni	T	ıme at meas. ditions error	
_	308	2	uint32	RW	A05	Volume Mea- surement un- cor.	Ε		&VolumeUn	it mer	ume at measure- nt conditions un- ected	
-	310	2	uint32	RW	A06	Volume Start/Stop	N	l	&VolumeUn	t Volu	ıme Start/Stop	
-	312	2	uint32	RW	A07	Volume Reset	N	l	&VolumeUn	t Volu	ıme Reset	
	314	2	uint32	RW	G06	Metering Point	E			Nan	ne of met. point	
	MB reg	Reg.	Data type	MB acces	Coordina	te Name		Acces	s Unit	Descr	iption	
	320	2	float	R	B02	Flow Rate Mea- surement	-	Α	&FlowUnit	Flow r	ate measure-	
	322	2	float	R	B03	Frequency		Α	Hz		ency	
	330	2	float	R	F01	Current		Α	mA	mA Current to be out		
	332	1	uint16	R	Z10	Error Register 1		A Hex		Error register 1		
	333	1	uint16	R	Z11	Error Register 2	) -	Α	Hex		Error register 2	
	334	1	uint16	R	Z12	Status Register	1	Α	Hex		Status register 1	
	335	1	uint16	R	Z13	Status Register	2	Α	Hex	Status	register 2	
	MB reg	Reg. number	Data type	MB acce	Coordina	ate Name	A	ccess	Unit		Description	
	500	6	string1	2 RW	A10	Meter Factor	Ε		&CounterFac	ctorUnit	Meter factor	
	506	2	float	RW	A11	Output Pulse Factor	Ε		&CounterFac	ctorUnit	Output pulse factor	
	508	2	float	R	A12	Meter Factor corrected	Α		&CounterFac	ctorUnit	Meter factor corrected	
	510	1	menu1	I6 RW	A20	Display Factor	Ε				Display factor	
	511	1	menu1	16 RW	A21	Digital Output 2 Mode	Ε				Digital output 2 mode	
						Digital Output	N.	N ms			Digital output 2	
	512	1	menu1	16 RW	A22	2 Pulse Width	IN		1115		pulse width	
	MB		Data	MB access	A22 Coordinate		IN	Acces		Descr	pulse width	
	MB reg	Reg. number	Data type	МВ		2 Pulse Width	IN		s Unit			
	<b>MB reg</b> 521	Reg. number	Data type float	MB access	Coordinate	2 Pulse Width  Name	IN	Acces	s Unit &FlowUnit	Flow r	iption	
	<b>MB reg</b> 521	Reg. number 2 2 Reg.	Data type float	MB access RW	Coordinate B05 B06 Coordinate	2 Pulse Width  Name  Flow Rate min.  Flow Rate max.		<b>Acces</b> E	&FlowUnit	Flow r	iption ate minimum ate maximum	

Error curve linearization

Error curve linearization

Error curve linearization

coefficent A-2

coefficent A-1

coefficent A0

uint16 RW

RW

RW

RW

float

float

float

B09

B10

B11

B12

QmMinTime

Coefficient A-2

Coefficient A-1

Coefficient A0

Ε

Ε

Ε

Ε

Am2

Am1

A0

529

530

532

534

2

2

О	
റ	a

536	2	float	RW	B13	Coefficient A1	Ε		A1	Error curve linearization coefficent A1
538	2	float	RW	B14	Coefficient A2	Ε		A2	Error curve linearization coefficent A2
540	2	float	RW	B15	KKMaxProz	Ε		kkp	
MB reg	Reg. num- ber	Data type	MB ac- cess	Coordinate	Name		Acces	ss Unit	Description
657	1	menu16	RW	F02	Current Mode		N		Mode current output
658	1	menu16	RW	F03	Current Source		N		Source current output
659	2	float	RW	F04	Physical minimum value		N		Current output phys. minimum value
661	2	float	RW	F05	Physical maximum value		N		Current output phys. maximum value
663	2	float	RW	F06	Current default		N	mA	Current output default
665	2	float	RW	F07	<b>Current Damping</b>		N	I-D	Damping current output
667	2	float	RW	F10	Calibration Value 4m	Α	N	mA	Calibration: Actual value 4mA
669	2	float	RW	F11	Calibration Value 20mA		N	mA	Calibration: Actual value 20mA
671	4	string8	RW	F12	Module Serial Number	1-	N	SN	Current output module serial no.
675	1	uint16	R	G01	Current Error		Α	ERR	Current activated error codes
676	2	float	R	G02	Software Version		Α	Rev	Software version
MB reg	Reg. num- ber	Data type	MB ac- cess	Coordinate	Name		Acces	s Unit	Description
680	2	int32	RW	G04	Serial number		E	SNr	Serial number
682	1	uint16	R	G05	Firmware Checksum		Α	CRC	Firmware checksum
683	2	float	R	G10	Pressure Base		Α	bar	Pressure at base condition
685	2	float	R	G11	Pressure Range Min		Α	bar	Pressure range minimum
687	2	float	R	G12	Pressure Range Max	K	Α	bar	Pressure range maximum
689	6	string12	R	G13	Pressure Sensor Serial Number		Α		Serial number pressure sensor
695	2	float	R	G14	Temperature Base	•	Α	TN	Temperature at base condition
697	2	int32	RW	G17	Temp. Sensor Serial Number		E	TNr	Serial number tempera- ture sensor



	Reg.	Data	MB	Coordinate	Name	Acces	s Unit	Description	
812	1	menu16	W	X24	Delete all archives	E	-	Deleting of all archives	
735	1	uint16	R	X23	Fill level Month Archive	Α	%	Fill level month archive	
734	1	menu16	RW	X22	Delete Month archive	Е		Delete month archive	
733	1	uint16	R	X21	Fill level Day Archive	Α	%	Fill level day archive	
732	1	menu16	RW	X20	Delete Day Archive	E		Delete day archive	
731	1	uint16	R	X19	Fill level Minute Archive	Α	%	Fill level minute archive	
730	1	menu16	RW	X18	Delete Minute Archive	E		Delete minute archive	
729	1	menu16	RW	X17	Interval Minute Archiv	e E		Interval minute archiv	
728	1	menu16	RW	X16	Mode archives	E		Mode Archives	
727	1	uint16	R	X15	Fill level Event Archive	e A	%	Fill level event archive	
726	1	menu16	RW	X14	Delete Event Archive	Е		Delete event archive	
725	1	uint16	R	X13	Fill level Para. Achive (E)	А	%	Fill level parameter ar- chive (E)	
724	1	menu16	RW	X12	Delete Parameter Archive(E)	E		Delete parameter ar- chive (E)	
723	1	uint16	R	X11	Fill level Para. Archive	e A	%	Fill level parameter ar- chive	
722	1			X10	Delete Parameter Archive	Е		Delete parameter ar- chive	
MB reg	Reg.	Data type	MB access	Coordinate	Name	Acces	ss Uni	t Description	
717	3	string8	RW	X02	Date	E	D	Date	
714	3	string8	RW	X01	Time	E T		Time	
713	1	uint16	RW	H05	Modbus Register Offset	N	Mof	Modbus register offset	
712	1	uint16	RW	H04	Modbus ID	N	MID	Modbus ID	
711	1	menu16	RW	H03		N		RS485 selection of protocol	
710	1	menu16	RW	H02		N		RS485 interface parameter	
709	1	menu16	RW	H01	RS485 Baudrate	N	Bps	RS485 interface baudrate	
MB reg	Reg. number	Data type	MB access	Coordinate	Name	Access	Unit	Description	
792	2	uint16	R	G26	Operating Hours	A	h	Operating Hours	
791	1	menu16	RW	G25	, ,	С	-	Battery Change	
790	1	uint16	R	G24	Сарасіту	A	%	Remaining Battery Capacity	
705	3	string8	RW	G20	Exchange	C Bat		Date of battery exchange	
701	4	string8	RW	G19	Data of Bottom	E	G	Meter size	
699					Meter			-	
	2	int32	RW	G18	Serial Number Gas	E	ZNr	Serial number gas meter	





775	1	uint16	RW	Z04	X:Y maximum Pulse Errors	E	X	Pulse compare X:Y maximum pulse errors	
776	1	uint16	RW	Z05	X:Y maximum Pulses	E	Υ	Pulse compare X:Y maximum pulses	
777	1	uint16	RW	Z15	Code Word Input	N	COD	Code word input	
778	1	uint16	RW	Z16	Code Word Change	С	C-V	Code word change	
779	1	menu16	RW	Z17	Device Type	E		Device type	
780	1	menu16	RW	Z24	Display on max.	N		Maximum time display on	
781	1	menu16	RW	Z25	Volume Count Mode	E		Selection mode of vol- ume counter	
782	1	menu16	RW	Z26	Curve Linearization	Е		Selection curve linearization	
783	1	menu16	RW	Z27	Sensor Type 1	E		Selection turbine sensor channel 1	
784	1	menu16	RW	Z28	Sensor Type 2	E		Selection turbine sensor channel 2	
785	1	menu16	RW	Z29	Unit Volume	E		Selection volume unit	

The Modbus access has the meaning:

R = no protection RW = calibration button

### **B** Structure of the archives

In this appendix you will find more information about the archives:

- Archive size
- Archive types
  - o Parameter archives
  - Event archives
  - Measured values archives
- Calculation of the storage size
- Archive header
- · Reading the archive data via Modbus

#### **B1** Archive size

The TME400 has an archive storage divided into the following archive types with the given archive sizes:

Event archive	200 Entries
Parameter archive (custody transfer)	300 Entries
Parameter archive (non-custody transfer)	300 Entries
Month archive	25 Entries
Day archive	100 Entries
Periodic archive	9000 Entries

### **B2** Archive types

Below is a list of further data on the parameter, event and measured value archives.



#### **B2.1** Parameter archives

The parameter archive contains the history of all parameter changes. The time of the change and the old and the new parameter values are stored in the archive.

The parameter archives are divided into one archive each for custody transfer and non-custody transfer parameters.

### Internal structure of an entry:

Content	Data type	Length in Bytes
Position number	UINT16	2
Unix time (device time)	UINT32	4
Coordinate	UINT16	2
Old parameter value	CHAR	12
New parameter value	CHAR	12
CRC16 (Modbus)	UINT16	2
		Total length: 34

#### Coordinate:

• High byte: column ("A"-"Z" as ASCII)

• Low byte: line

A value in the coordinate field 4103h corresponds to coordinate A 03.

#### **B2.2** Event archives

The event archive stores error messages, warnings and notes that occurred or disappeared during operation of the TME400.

#### Internal structure of an entry:

Content	Data type	Length in Bytes
Position number	UINT16	2
Unix time (device time)	UINT32	4
Event type	UINT16	2
Event number	UINT16	2
CRC16 (Modbus)	UINT16	2
		Total length: 12



### Event type:

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• High byte: type ('E' = error, 'W' = warning, 'H'= note)

• Low byte: 0 = Event passes, 1 = Event is coming

#### **B2.3** Measured values archives

In the measured value archives, meter readings and average values of important measured variables are periodically stored.

There are three types of measured value archives implemented:

• Periodic archive (adjustable: 15, 30 or 60 minutes)

Daily archive

Monthly archive

### Internal structure of an entry:

Content	Data type	Length in Bytes
Position number	UINT16	2
Unix time (device time)	UINT32	4
Standard volume	UINT32	4
Operating volume	UINT32	4
Standard volume Error	UINT32	4
Operating volume Error	UINT32	4
Exponent (to base 10)	INT16	2
Mean pressure	FLOAT	4
Mean temperature	FLOAT	4
Mean compressibility	FLOAT	4
Status	UINT16	2
CRC16 (Modbus)	UINT16	2
		Total length: 40



### **B3** Calculation of the storage size

The total available storage for archives is 506880 bytes.

Archive type	Bytes / entry	Amount entries	Sum in bytes
Parameter archive (custody transfer)	34	300	10200
Parameter archive (non-custody transfer)	34	300	10200
Event archive	12	200	2400
Periodic archive	40	9000	360000
Daily archive	40	100	4000
Monthly archive	40	25	1000
Sum			387800

### **B4** Archive header

Each archive type contains an administration header that gives information about how to access the archive.

### The header is arranged as follows:

Content	Data type	Length in Bytes
Position number of the next archive (largest value = 9999, then again = 0 )	UINT16	2
Index oldest entry	UINT16	2
Index newest entry	UINT16	2
CRC16 (Modbus)	UINT16	2
		Total length: 8

There are four headers for each archive type, which are organized in memory as ring buffers. This is to ensure that the information is stored safely in case of cell defects in the EEprom. Each time a new archive entry is written, the corresponding archive header is updated and stored as the next entry in the ring buffer:



### Empty header ring buffer at the beginning after writing a new entry:

Storage index	
0	Archive header (Position number 1) -> Actual header
1	empty
2	empty
3	empty

### Ring buffer after the writing of four entries:

Storage index	
0	Archive header (Position number 1)
1	Archive header (Position number 2)
2	Archive header (Position number 3)
3	Archive header (Position number 4) -> Actual header

### Ring buffer after the writing of six entries:

Index	
0	Archive header (Position number 5)
1	Archive header (Position number 6) -> Actual header
2	Archive header (Position number 3)
3	Archive header (Position number 4)

### Content of an empty header:

Content	Data type	Value
Position number of the next archive	UINT16	0
Index of the oldest entry	UINT16	FFFFh
Index of the newest entry	UINT16	FFFFh
CRC16	UINT16	xxxxh

### Content of the header after the writing of the first archive entry:

Inhalt	Data type	Value
Position number of the next archive	UINT16	1
Index of the oldest entry	UINT16	0
Index of the newest entry	UINT16	0
CRC16	UINT16	xxxxh



#### Content of the header after the writing of the second archive entry:

Content	Data type	Value
Position number of the next archive	UINT16	2
Index of the oldest entry	UINT16	0
Index of the newest entry	UINT16	1
CRC16	UINT16	xxxxh

Content header after the writing of the 300<sup>th</sup> archive entry (archive full):

Content	Data type	Value
Position number of the next archive	UINT16	300
Index of the oldest entry	UINT16	0
Index of the newest entry	UINT16	299
CRC16	UINT16	xxxxh

Content header after the writing of the 301<sup>st</sup> archive entry (archive full, oldest entry overwritten in the ring buffer):

Content	Data type	Value
Position number of the next archive	UINT16	301
Index of the oldest entry	UINT16	1
Index of the newest entry	UINT16	0
CRC16	UINT16	xxxxh

Procedure for determining the indexes to be read in the archive:

- Reading all four archive headers of an archive type
- Recognizing the current header
- Determine the range to be read:
   If "Index oldest entry" = FFFFh and
   "Index newest entry" = FFFFh, then the corresponding archive is empty

If "Index oldest entry" = 0 and "Index newest entry" = 0, then the archive contains an entry

- If "Index oldest entry" < "Index newest entry", then the</li>
   Number of entries = "Index newest entry" "Index oldest entry" + 1
- If "Index oldest entry" > "Index newest entry", then the
   No. of ent. = max. archive ent. "Index older ent." + "Index newest ent." + 1
   (Archive is always full: Number of entries = Maximum archive entries,
   Calculation for the purpose of completeness only)

### B5 Reading the archive data via Modbus

Archive entries are accessible via Modbus. The command 14h "Read General Reference" is used for this. This command can be used to index the storage ranges of the archives and the corresponding management headers (see document: "Modicon Modbus Protocol; Reference Guide (PI-MBUS-300 Rev. J)")

The TME400 only supports the processing of a sub-request within one request.

### The structure of the request string is as follows:

Byte	Meaning
1	Device address
2	Function (14h)
3	Number of bytes (07h)
4	Reference type (00h)
5	File number (Hi)
6	File number (Lo)
7	Start index (Hi)
8	Start index (Lo)
9	Number of registers to be read (Hi)
10	Number of registers to be read (Lo)
11	CRC (Lo)
12	CRC (Hi)

The specified reference type in the request string is not checked in the TME400.

### The following file number selects the archive or archive header to be read:

File number	Archive type
1	Management header custody transfer parameter archive
2	Custody transfer parameter archive
3	Management header parameter archive
4	Parameter archive
5	Management header event archive
6	Event archive
7	Management header minutes archive
8	Minutes archive
9	Management header daily archive
10	Daily archive
11	Management header monthly archive
12	Monthly archive



With the file address the index of the archive to be read is selected.

The number of registers of the bytes which are read from an archive entry (number of bytes = number of registers x 2). The maximum number of registers to be read is limited to 125 per request.

The following example shows the data to be read in a request:

• File number: 6 (Event archive, size: 12 Byte per entry)

• Start index: 7 (Read from index 7)

• Number of registers: 13

<b>Archive index</b>	Modbus register	Internal storage address of the TME400
7	1 (Hi)	0 (+ Offset)
	1 (Lo)	1 (+ Offset)
	2 (Hi)	2 (+ Offset)
	2 (Lo)	3 (+ Offset)
	6 (Hi)	10 (+ Offset)
	6 (Lo)	11 (+ Offset)
8	7 (Hi)	12 (+ Offset)
	7 (Lo)	13 (+ Offset)
	8 (Hi)	14 (+ Offset)
	8 (Lo)	15 (+ Offset)
	12 (Hi)	22 (+ Offset)
	12 (Lo)	23 (+ Offset)
9	13 (Hi)	24 (+ Offset)
	13 (Lo)	24 (+ Offset)

The example shows the reading of two complete event archive entries (index 7 and 8) and a part archive (2 bytes from index 9). In practice, it makes sense to request only complete archives. The above case is used exclusively to illustrate the mechanism.



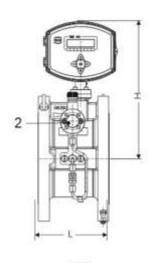
## **C** Dimensions

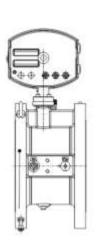
### TME400-VM

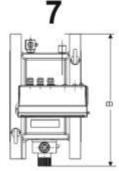
96

### Front side

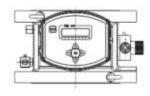
### Rear side











- 1 -
- 2 Oil pump
- 3 -
- 4 -

- 5 -
- 6
- 7 Top view
- 8 Top view for flow direction from bottom top up to DN200



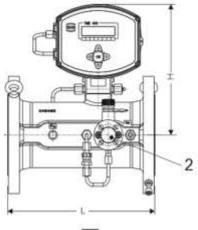
Size		Max. Flow rate	Din	Weight				
mm	Inch	Qmax m3/h	Length L	Width B	Hight H	kg		
25	1	25	185	135	225	2		
40	1 1/2	70	140	255	225	5		
50	2	100	150	245	265	15		
		160						
80	3	250	120	265	290	18		
		400						
100	4	400	150	260	206	25		
100	4	650	150	260	306	20		
	6	650						
150		1000	000 175		330	40		
		1600						
200	8	1600	200	370	365	55		
200	0	2500	200	370	300	35		
250	10	2500	300	430	400	PN 10 = 60		
250	10	4000	300	430	400	PN 25 = 75		
300	12	4000	300	600	410	PN 25 = 103		
300	12	6500	300	000	410	PN10 = 86		
		6500				PN10 = 190		
400	16	10000	600	640	420	PN16 = 210 PN40 = 300		

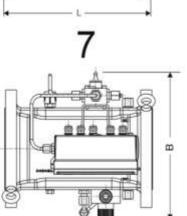
### TME400-VMF

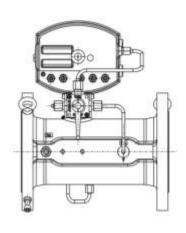
98

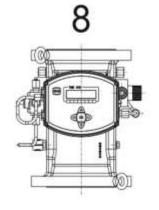
### Front view

### Rear side









- 1 -
- 2 Oil pump
- 3 -
- 4 -

- 5 -
- 6 -
- 7 Top view
- Top view for flow direction from bottom top up to DN200

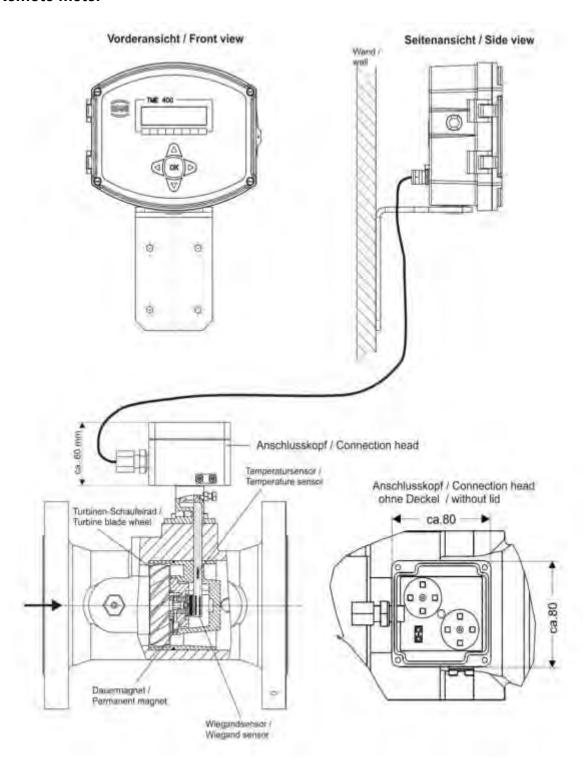


S	ize		Max. Flow rate	Dimensions			Weight	
			Qmax					
mm	Inch	G-Size	m3/h	Length L	Width B	Hight H	kg	
50	2	G65	65	150	320	310	15	
			160					
80	3	G160	250	240	270	250	20	
		G250	400					
		G160	250				28	
100	4	G250	400	300	285	254		
		G400	650					
		G400	650				50	
150	6	G650	1000	450	310	280		
		G1000	1600					
200	8 G1000 1600		600	380	320	100		
200	0	G1600	2500	600	360	320	100	
		G1000	1600				ANSI150 = 160	
250	10	G1600	2500	750		345	PN16 = 150	
		G2500	4000				PN 10 = 150	
		G2500	4000				ANSI150 = 250	
300	12	G4000	6500	900		360	PN 16 = 215	
		G4000-45	6500**				DN10 - 210	

Manual TME400-VMF  $\,\cdot\,$  EN08  $\,\cdot\,$  July, 1st 2021



#### Remote meter



Cable length: 10 m

Pressure sensor: integrated in the connection head

Height: approx. 80 mm less than the "normal" height (see above)



## D Measuring ranges for TME 400-VMF/ TME 400-VCF

Values for custody transfer metering according to MID approval with natural gas

DN	G- value	Q <sub>max</sub> [m³/h]	Flow [		Q <sub>min</sub> [m³/h] depending on operating pressure p <sub>min</sub> [bar(g)]											
[mm]	value	[111 /11]	MR <sup>[2]</sup>	:1 bar <sup>[1]</sup> 1:20	MR 1:30		MR 1:50		MR 1:80		MR 1:100		MR 1:120		MR 1	:160
			Qt	Q <sub>min</sub>	Q <sub>min</sub>	p <sub>min</sub>	Q <sub>min</sub>	p <sub>min</sub>	Q <sub>min</sub>	p <sub>min</sub>	Q <sub>min</sub>	p <sub>min</sub>	Q <sub>min</sub>	p <sub>min</sub>	Q <sub>min</sub>	p <sub>min</sub>
50	65	100	20	5 <sup>[3]</sup>												•
	100	160	32	8[3]	5	15	3,2	50								
80	160	250	50	12,5	8	3	5	10	3,2	50						
	250	400	80	20	13	3	8	10	5	25						
	160	250	50	12,5	8	3	5	25								
100	250	400	80	20	13	3	8	10	5	25						
	400	650	130	32	20	3	13	4	8	10	6,5	15	5	25		
150	400	650	130	32	20	3	13	10	8	25	6,5	40				
	650	1000	200	50	32	3	20	4	13	10	10	15	8	25		
	1000	1600	320	80	50	3	32	4	20	10	16	15	13	25	10	40
200	1000	1600	320	80	50	3	32	4	20	10	16	15	13	25	10	40
200	1600	2500	500	125	80	3	50	4	32	10	25	15	20	25	16	40
	1000	1600	320	80	50	3	32	10	20	25	16	40				
250	1600	2500	500	125	80	3	50	4	32	10	25	25	20	40	16	60
	2500	4000	800	200	130	3	80	4	50	10	40	25	35	40	25	60
	2500	4000	800	200	130	3	80	4	50	10	40	25	35	40	25	60
300	4000	6500	1300	320	220	3	130	10	80	25	65	40	55	60	40	80
	4000-45	6500	1300	320	220	3	130	10	80	25	65	40	55	60	40	80

<sup>[1]</sup> p = 1 bar; means atmospheric pressure

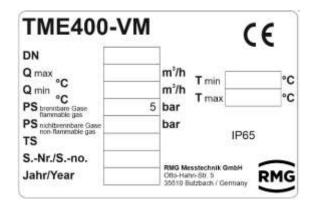
<sup>[2]</sup>  $MR = Measuring range = Q_{max} / Q_{min}$ 

<sup>[3]</sup> MR: 1:20; for  $p \ge 3$  bar(g)

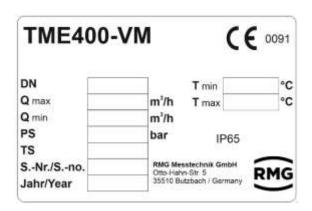


## E Type plate

Main type plate TME400-VM for DN25, for Non-Ex, no custody transfer applications

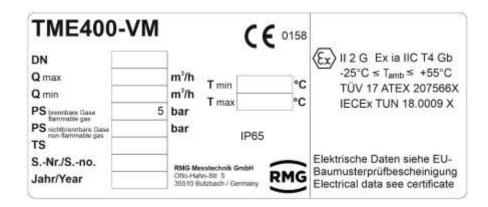


Main type plate TME400-VM from DN40, for Non-Ex, no custody transfer applications

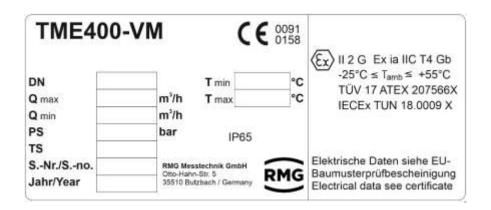




Main type plate TME400-VM for DN25, for Ex, no custody transfer applications



Main type plate TME400-VM from DN40, for Ex, no custody transfer applications





# F Seal diagrams

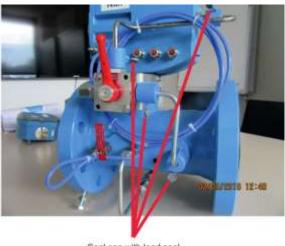
The following figures show the positions of the seals on the TME400.

# Front side

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Security seal Sicherheitsplombe Back side



Seal cap with lead seal Siegelkappe mit Bleiplombe

### In the electronic enclosure



### At the connection head





# G Later installation of the power module

### Λ

### **Caution**

The power module must only be installed in a de-energized state.

In order to switch of any power supply the battery must be removed (see *chapter 3.1.4 Battery replacement*) and any external supply voltage must be switched off, i.e. in the case of an external supply, the wires from terminals X6 / +Uext and X6 / -Uext must be removed.

The power module (3) must be plugged on as shown in *Figure 19: Electronic with power module*. The current module is factory adjusted and <u>does not need</u> to be calibrated before operation.

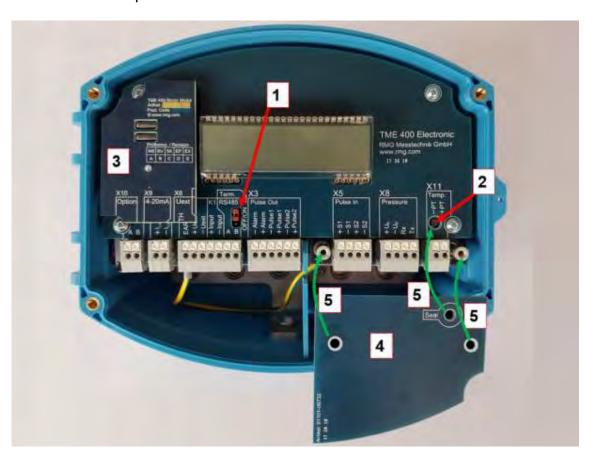


Figure 19: Electronic with power module

- Jumper for RS 485 terminating resistor. Bridged: with 120  $\Omega$ ; open:  $\infty$   $\Omega$
- 2 Calibration switch
- 3 Current module board
- 4 Cover plate for pressure and temperature sensor and calibration switch
- 5 Normal position, indicated by green arrows



### Putting the power module into operation

After reconnecting the TME400 supply voltages, the current loop power supply must be connected to X9 and the current output parameterized.

A

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### Caution

The voltages of the current loop and the external supply must be electrically isolated (galvanically isolated see *chapter 2.1 Electrical connections*, especially the connection drawings in the Ex-/Non-Ex area at the end of the chapter).

#### Parameterization of the current module

To complete the installation, various parameters must be checked or configured. To do this, the parameter protection must be removed, either by entering the code word (see *chapter 4.3.3.7 Settings*) or by pressing the calibration button (see *Figure 19: Electronic with power module*).

- 1. First the date and time must be entered in the coordinates X1 and X2
- 2. The current output parameters F02, F03, F04, F05 (see *chapter 4.3.3.3 Current output*) must then be parameterized according to the application.

For example, a typical parameterization may look like this:

F02: 1 Without error

F03: 1 Operating flow rate

F04: 0 i.e.  $4 \text{ mA} = 0 \text{ m}^3/\text{h}$ F05: 200 i.e.  $20 \text{ mA} = 200 \text{ m}^3/\text{h}$ 

For testing, F03 can be set to 0 (default) and a current value in the range of 4 - 20mA can be selected with F06.



# H Spare parts and accessories

Order number	Description

# **Mechanical components**

84.08.021.00	Check valve compl. RHD06L3BLUFTCF
90.59.266.00	Piston pump+adjusting screw+oil tank
00.66.960.00	Remote totalizer

# **Elektronical components**

98800-16590	NonEx TME current module 4-20mA passive
38.02.016.00	EExi supply f.4-20mA current output
86.98.211.01	Power supply 24V/DC 1.4A surface mounted
86.98.249.00	Ex-i power supply 24 V
30.00.619.00	Transmitter power supply KFD2-STC5-1
30.00.733.00	Transmitter power supply KFD2-STC5-Ex1
35.00.013.00	Isolating amplifier TURCK IM1-12-T
30.00.019.00	Interface/pulse separating module Datcom K3
35.00.000.00	PS (230V/AC - 12V/DC) for K3 module
86.76.553.00	OMRON DC/DC adapter for Datcom K3

# **Expendable materials**

92102-00200	Power supply battery
38.11.148.01	Lubricant 2-4°E/20°C TRZ/DKZ 1L
38.11.148.05	Lubricant 2-4°E/20°C TRZ/DKZ 5L



# I Certificates and approvals

The **TME400** is approved for custody-transfer measurements. Approvals are available for operation in hazardous environments and for the Pressure Equipment Directive, which are provided as copies in the appendix.

- 1. EU Declaration of Conformity
- 2. NMI Evaluation Certificate
- 3. ATEX
- 4. IECEx
- 5. EU-Type Examination Certificate Directive 2014/34/EU
- 6. PED Module D
- 7. EU-Type Examination Certificate Module B Directive 2014/68/EU
- 8. Production Quality Assurance



Reliable Measurement of Gas



#### **EU-Declaration of Conformity** EU-Konformitätserklärung

We RMG Messtechnik GmbH Otto - Hahn - Straße 5 WY 35510 Butzbach

Germany

Declare under our sole responsibility that the product is in conformity with the directives. Product is labeled according to the listed directives and standards and in accordance with the Type-Examination Erklären in alleiniger Veranhvortung, dass des Produkt konform ist mit den Anforderungen der Richtlinien. Das entsprachend gekonszeichnele Produkt at nach den aufgeführten Richtinien und Normen hergestellt und abnum mit dem Baumuster überein

Product Turbine Meter TME400VM / Volume Corrector TME400VC Produkt Turbinenradgaszáhler TME400VM / Zustandsmengenumwerter TME400VC

Harmonisation Legislations Harmoniserungs-rechtsvorschriften	EMV	ATEX	PED
EU-Directives	2014/30/EU	2014/34/EU	2014/68/EU
Marking Katinzaichen		Ex If 2G Ex in HG T4 Gb	-
Normative Documents	EN 51000-6-3:2012 EN 61000-4-2:2009 EN 61000-4-3:2011 EN 61000-4-4:2013 EN 61000-4-5:2015 EN 61000-4-5:2010 EN 61000-6-29:2001	EN 60079-0:2012 + A11:2013 EN 60079-11:2012	AD 2000 – Merkblader
EC Type-Examination issued by EG-Baumusterpollung anogesiall durch	Profipericht/ Test Report 1-3567/17-01-03_A (Fig. CTC advanced)	TUV 17 ATEX 207566 X TUV Nord CERT Grabit Germany	ISG-22-12-1979 Rev. M TUV Hessen Germany
Approval of a Quality System by Anerkennung eines Qualitatssicherungs-systems durch		Modul D BVS 17 ATEX ZQS/E139 Notified Body 0158 DEKRA EXAM Germany	Modul D 73 202 2839 Notified Body 0091 TOV Hessen Germany



The object of the declaration described above is in conformity with Directive 2011/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 8 June 2011 on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment.

Der oben beschnebene Gegenstand der Erklärung erhält die Vorschriften der Richtlime 2011/05/EU des Europeischen Parlaments und des Rates vom 8. Juni 2011 zur Beschrankung der Ventrendung bestmittler gefahrlicher Stoffe in Elektro- und Elektroniegeräten

RMG Messtechnik GmbH

Butzbach, den 04.09.2019

Thorsten Dietz. Managing Director

Sascha Körner, Technical Manag

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(Amiliation and general part) ( to (SC) visc) (20) a



Evaluation Certificate Number TC11907 revision 0 Project number 2249056 Page 1 of 1 Issued by NMi Certin B.V. In accordance with WELMEC 8.8 "General and Administrative Aspects of the Voluntary System of Modular Evaluation of Measuring Instruments under the MID\* European Standard EN 12405-1:2005+A2:2010 "Gas meters – Conversion devices - Part 1; volume conversion" RMG Messtechnik GmbH Producer Otto-Hahn-Straße 5 35510 Butzbach Germany Part A calculating and indicating device, intended to be used as part of an electronic gas-volume conversion device (EVCD) or gas meter TME400-VCF (config. 1a/1b\*) Type TME400-VMF (config. 2a/2b\*) Manufacturer's mark or name RMG Conversion principle (config. 1a/1b\*) T, PT or PTZ (\* see description page 1) Conversion principle (config. 2a/2b\*) None Ambient temperature range -25 °C / +55 °C Designed for Condensing and non-condensing humidity M2 / E2 Environment classes The intended location for the instrument is open. Further properties are described in the annexes: Description TC11907 revision 0; Documentation folder TC11907-1 Issuing Authority NMi Certin B.V., Notified Body number 0122 4 September 2020 Certification Board NMi Certin B.V. This document it reason under the provided that he liability is accepted and that the normal clarer shall indentify third-party Humanium of the comment thousent only is permitted 7629 JA Dalff This document is digitally signed and beated. The digital signature panille verified in the illus rithon at the tops of the object/one version of tris. The Muchurlands T ±31 88 636 2332 liildei≅ty.

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PRINCIPLE

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# **EU-type examination** certificate

Number T11742 revision 0 Project number 2249056 Page 1 of 1

Issued by

Manufacturer

NMi Certin B.V.

designated and notified by the Netherlands to perform tasks with respect to conformity modules mentioned in article 17 of Directive 2014/32/EU, after having established that the Measuring instrument meets the applicable requirements of Directive 2014/32/EU, to:

RMG Messtechnik GmbH Otto-Hahn-Straße 5 35510 Butzbach Germany

Measuring instrument

An electronic gas-volume conversion device (EVCD), intended to be used for gas volume conversion as a sub-assembly (according to article 4 of

the MID) of a gas meter.

Type TME400-VCF (config. 1a/1b\*)

Manufacturer's mark or name RMG

Conversion principle T, PT or PTZ Ambient temperature range -25 °C/+55 °C Designed for non-condensing humidity

Environment classes M2 / E2 The intended location for the instrument is open.

Further properties are described in the annex:

- Description T11742 revision 0

Valid until

4 September 2030

Issuing Authority

NMi Certin B.V., Notified Body number 0122

04 September 2020

Certification Board

NMI Certin B.V. Thipselveg 11 1629 (A Delit T+31 88 636 2332 sertialitements synty months

This character is issued under the provinces that no hability is accepted and that the manufactures shall indensity third party.

The designation of NMI Certin 6.V. as Notified Body can be verified at http://

Representation of the comple document only is permeted

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TUV NORD CERT GmbH Langemarckstr 20 45141 Essen



ATEX Prüfungsbericht

18 203 207566 vom 05.07.2018

Auftraggeber: RMG Messtechnik GmbH

Otto-Hahn-Straße 5

35510 Butzbach

Auftragsnummer: 8000476316

ZA Nummer: 35207566

Prüfgegenstand: Elektronischer Gasmengenumwerter Typ VC, VM, VCF, VMF

Beurteilungsgrundlagen: EN 60079-0:2012 Allgemeine Bestimmungen

+A11:2013

EN 60079-11:2012 Geräteschutz durch Eigensicherheit "

Prüflabor: TÜV NORD CERT GmbH

Büro Hannover Am TÜV 1

30519 Hannover

Ort der Prüfung: Siehe oben

Eingangsdatum des

Prüfgegenstandes: H/2017/2341 und H/2018/2384

Datum der Prüfung: bis 05.07.2018

Interpretationen: Das Testergebnis bestätigt die Übereinstimmung des Gerätes mil

den Anforderungen der oben genannten Beurteilungsgrundlagen

Prüfung: / Fachzertifizierung:

Klaus Hoferichter

Dieser Bericht umfasst 6 Seiten

Anke Drews

Dieser technische Bericht stellt das Ergebnis der Prüfung an dem vorgestallen Prüfgogenasand dar. Eine augemein gültige Aussage über die Qualität der Produkte aus der laufenden Feitigung Kann daleus nicht abgeleitet werden. Die auszugsweise Verwerfalligung dieses technischen Berichts und die Verwendung zu Werbezwecken bedürfen der acht/flichen Genehmigung des Prüffaboratoriums.

P17-F-100 06 15



Seite 2 von 6 des ATEX Prüfungsberichts Nr. 18 203 207566



1. Auftragsbeschreibung:

Prüfung des Gerätes "Elektronischer Gasmengenumwerter TME 400 Typ VC, VM, VCF, VMF" und Ausstellen einer EU-Baumusterprüfbescheinigung und eines IECEx Certificate of Conformity

2. Spezifikation des Prüfgegenstandes:

Der elektronische Gasmengenumwerter TME 400 Typ VC, VM, VCF, VMF ist ein Gerät zur Verwendung in durch Gas explosionsgefährdeten Bereichen. Es dient zur Gasmessung, Steuerung und Regelung durch die Bestimmung von Druck, Temperatur und Volumenimpulsen

Der zulässige Umgebungstemperaturbereich beträgt -25 °C . 55 °C.

Elektrische Daten

Versorgungsstromkreis in Zündschutzart Eigensicherheit Ex ia IIC. (Terminal X6; 2 and 3) Nur zum Anschluss an einen bescheinigten

elgensicheren Stromkreis Höchstwerte.

 $U_i = 10.7 \text{ V}$  $I_i = 219 \text{ mA}$  $P_{i} = 325 \text{ mW}$ 

Wirksame innere Kapazität: Wirksame Innere Induktivität:

Versorgungsstromkreis Batterie.

(Steckverbinder X12; T und 2)

Verbindung zu interner Batterie Saft, type LS33600, 17 Ah oder XENO, type XL 205-F, 19 Ah

Signaleingang ...

(Klemmen X6; 4 und 5)

in Zündschutzart Eigensicherheit Ex ia IIC Höchstwerte:

= 5.9 = 3 mA = 5 mW Kennlinia: linear

Ex ia	IIC		
hochstzulässige äußere Induktivität	0,2 mH	0.1 mH	0.05 mH
höchstzulässige äußere Kapazität	4100 nF	5000 nF	6200 nF

RS 485 und Signaleingang (Klemmen X6; 6 und 7)

in Zundschutzart Eigensicherheit Ex ia IIC

Hachstwerte: Un = 5,9 = 60 mA = 88 mVV Kennlinie linear

Exia	IIC		
höchstzulässige äußere Induktivität	1.7 mH	0.7 mH	0.2 mH
höchstzulässige äußere Kapazität	2100 nF	2800 nF	3100 nF



Seite 3 von 6 des ATEX Prüfungsberichts Nr. 18 203 207566



in Zündschultzart Eigensicherheit Ex ia IIC

Hochstwerte:

Üū = 5,9 = 2

mA = 3 mW

Exia		IIC	
höchstzulässige äußere Induktivität	0,2 mH	0,1 mH	0.05 mH
höchstzulässige äußere Kapazität	4100 nF	5000 nF	6200 nF

Pulsausgang (Klemmen X3; 1 6) in Zündschutzart Eigensicherheit Ex ia IIC Nur zum Anschluss an einen bescheinigten

eigensicheren Stromkreis

Höchstwerte:

= 30

= 120 mA

= 1,2 W Wirksame innere Kapazität

Die wirksame innere Induktivität ist vernachlässigbar

klein

Stromausgang....

(Klemmen X9; 1 und 2)

in Zündschutzart Eigensicherheit Ex ia IIC Nur zum Anschluss an einen bescheinigten

eigensicheren Stromkreis

Hochstwerte:

= 28 V = 110 mA

= 805 mW Wirksame innere Kapazitát:

Wirksame innere Induktivitát: L = 300 µH

Optionaler Pulsausgang (Klemmen X9; 1 und 2)

in Zündschutzart Eigensicherheit Ex ia IIC

Höchstwerte:

= 5.9

mA mW

Exia	IIC		
höchstzulässige äußere Induktivität	0.2 mH	0.1 mH	0.05 mH
höchstzulässige äußere Kapazität	4100 nF	5000 nF	6200 nF



Seite 4 von 6 des ATEX Prüfungsberichts Nr. 18 203 207568



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Impulseingang Reed/Wiegand, Intern ....

(Klemmen X5; 1 . . 4)

in Zündschutzart Eigensicherheit Ex ia IIC

Höchstwerte: = 5,9 V

MA = 6

= 8 mW Kennlinie: linear

Exia	lic .		
höchstzulässige äußere Induktivität	20 mH	10 mH	5 mH
hochstzulässige äußere Kapazität	1800 nF	1900 nF	2100 nF

Drucksensor-Stromkreis, intern ... (Klemmen X8; 1 ... 4)

in Zündschutzart Eigensicherheit Ex ia IIC

Höchstwerte:

= 5.9 = 100 mA = 148 mW

Kennlinie: linear

Exia	iti	
hochstzulässige äußere Induktivität	30 µH	25 µH
höchstzulässige außere Kapaz/tat	4100 nF	2000 nF
Sensor	UTC30	TI-1.

Pt1000 Temperatureingang, intern ....... (Klemmen X11, 1 und 2)

in Zündschutzart Eigensicherheit Ex ia IIC Höchstwerte:

= 5.9

= 9

= 13 mW Kenninia: linear

Exia		lic	
höchstzulässige außere Induktivität	0.5 mH	0.2 mH	0.1 mH
höchstzulässige äußere Kapazität	3200 nF	4000 nF	4900 nF

Alle Höchstwerte Lo and Co Werte dürfen auch als konzentrierte Induktivitäten und Kapazitäten ausgenutzt werden.

Aus sicherheitstechnischer Sicht sind alle eigensicheren Stromkreise galvanisch mitelnander über das GND-Potential verbunden und sicher galvanisch vom Erdpotential getrennt.

Bei der Zusammenschaltung von eigensicheren Stromkreisen sind die Reglen für die Zusammenschaltung von eigensicheren Stromkreisen zu beachten.

3. Kennzeichnung des Prüfgegenstandes und Typenschild (unverändert):

(Ex)

II 2 G Ex la IIC T4 Gb



Seite 5 von 6 des ATEX Prüfungsbenchts Nr. 18 203 207568



Erläuterungen zu den Beurteilungsgrundlagen:
 Das o. g. Gerät wurde nach den auf der ersten Seite genannten Normen beurteilt.
 Bezüglich der Normen

IEC 60079-0: 2011 General requirements

IEC 60079-11: 2011 Equipment protection by intrinsic safety "i"

existieren die in Abschnitt 5. genannten Dokumente.

Die Kennzeichnung gemäß der Richtlinie 2014/34/EU unterscheidet sich von der Kennzeichnung gemäß den o. g. Normen (siehe 3. Kennzeichnung des Prüfgegenstandes).

5. Prüfergebnis:

Die einzelnen Prüfungen sind in dem folgenden Test Report gelistet:

Prüfgrundlage

IEC 60079-0:2011, 6th Edition. IEC 60079-11:2011, 6" Edition ExTR Free Reference

No.

18 217 207567

#### 6. Eingereichte Dokumentation:

Zeichnung Nr.:	Bezeichnung.	Rev Stand	Datum
	Ex- Description for TME400 (30 Seiten)	1.3	2018-03-28
98800-16924 Ex	*Ex-Blockschaftbild*	1.3	2018-03-29
066082.1	"Elektronisches Zählwerk TME400"	9	2018-02-28
066151.4	"Hauptschild TME400 "	b	2018-04-03
066564:4	*Hauptschild TME400 *	b	2018-04-03
086667.4	"Hinweisschild TME400 "		2018-04-12
98800-16294	Turbine Meter Electronic (13 Seiten)	4	2018-04-15
98800-16294	Parts list (2 Seiten)	4	2018-06-27
98800-16294	Turbine Meter Electronic TME 400 Controller (10 Seiten)	4	2018-04-15 and 2018-03-16
98800-16374	Turbine Meter Electronics (2 Seiten)	4	2018-06-05
98800-16374	Parts list:		2018-05-11
98800-16374	Turbine Meter Electronics TME 400 Stromausgang (7 Seiten)	4	2018-06-05
98800-17080	Turbine Meter Electronics + Parts list (2 Selten)	3	2017-10-15
PB6 NO.:91101-06830	Turbine Meter Electronics TME 400 -PWM_Adp: (5 Seiten)	A	2017-10-15



Seite 6 von 8 des ATEX Prufungsbenchts Nr. 18 203 207566



Zeichnung Nr	Bezeichnung	Rev Stand	Datum
98800-17002	3800-17002 Turbine Meter Electronic: WIKA Drucksensor Adapter		2018-05-15
98500-17002	Parts list		2018-06-27
98800-17002	Turbine Meter Electronic TME 400 Wika Adapter (8 Seiten)	2	2018-05-15 and 2018-04-11
98800-16991	Turbine Weter Electronic Backlight	-1	2017-10-25
98800-18992	Parts list		2018-04-16
98800-16992	Turbine Meter Electronic TME 400 Beleuchtung (5 Seiten)	2	2018-04-10
PCB NO : 91101-06722	Turbine Meter Electronic Electronic Abdackung Top Assembly Drawing	Ž	2018-04-12

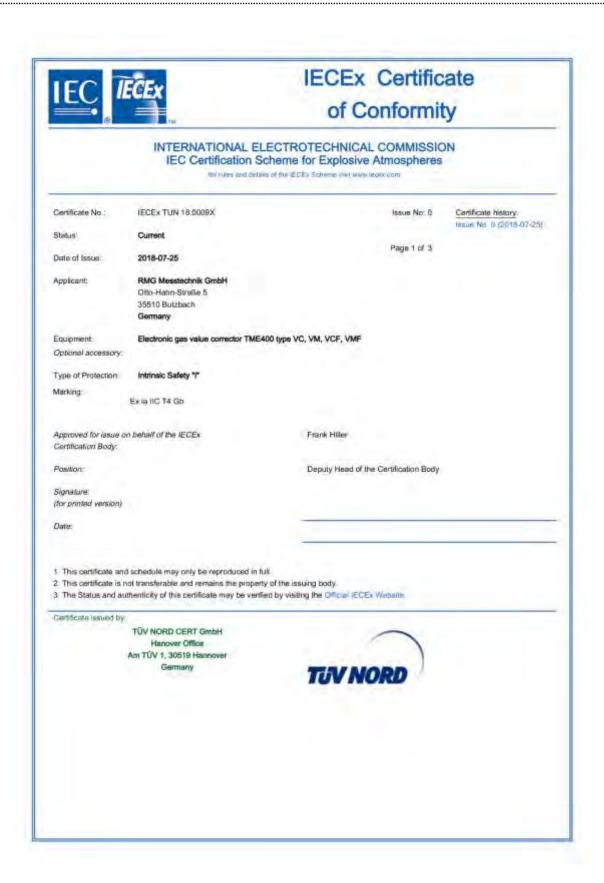
- Hinweise für Errichtung und Betrieb:
   Für die Gehäuseteile sind elektrostatische Aufladungen zu vermeiden. Das Warnschild ist zu
- 2. Die Erdungsklemme ist mit dem Potentialausgleich im explsionsgefährdeten Bereich zu verbinden

Umgebungsbedingungen:
Temperatur: Siehe zugehönger Test Report
Luftfeuchtigkeit: Nicht erforderlich

- Ende des ATEX Prüfungsberichtes --

Manual TME400-VMF · EN08 · July, 1st 2021





Manual TME400-VMF · EN08 · July, 1st 2021











TÜV NORD CERT GmbH Hannover Office Am TÜV 1 30519 Hannover Germany



#### Page 1 of 4 Attachment to IECEx TUN 18,0009 X issue No.: 0

#### Product:

The electronic gas value corrector TME 400 type VC, VM, VCF, VMF is an apparatus for use in gas explosion hazardous areas.

It is used for gas measuring, control and regulating purposes by detection of pressure, temperature and volume pulses.

The permissible ambient temperature range is -25 °C ... 55 °C

Electrical data

Supply circuit ..... in type of protection Intrinsic Safety Ex ia IIC

(Terminal X6; 2 and 3) Only for connection to a certified intrinsically safe circuit

Maximum values: U = 10.7 V = 219 mA P = 325 mW

Effective internal capacitance: C<sub>1</sub> = 7

Effective internal inductance:

Supply circuit battery, internal connection to internal battery (Plug connector X12; 1 and 2)

Saft, type LS33600, 17 Ah or XENO, type XL 205-F, 19 Ah

Signal input ..... in type of protection Intrinsic Safety Ex ia IIC

(Terminals X6; 4 and 5) Maximum values:

= 5.9 Ue = 3 mA = 5 mW Characteristic line: linear

Ex la IIC 100 µH max, permissible external inductance 200 µH 50 µH 4100 nF 5000 nF 6200 nF max. permissible external capacitance

P (7-P/610)

Rev 01706 1



TÜV NORD CERT GmbH Hannover Office Am TÜV 1 30519 Hannover Germany



#### Page 2 of 4 Attachment to IECEx TUN 18.0009 X issue No.: 0

R\$ 485 and signal input (Terminals X6; 6 and 7)

in type of protection Intrinsic Safety Ex ia IIC

Maximum values:

 $U_c = 5.9 \text{ V}$  $I_0 = 60 \text{ mA}$ 

P. = 88 mW

Characteristic line: linear

Ex ia	liC		
max, permissible external inductance	1700 pH	700 µH	200 pH
max. permissible external capacitance	2100 nF	2600 nF	3100 nF

RS 485 and signal input ..... (Terminals X6; 6 and 7) In type of protection Intrinsic Safety Ex ia IIC

Only for connection to a certified intrinsically safe circuit Maximum values:

U = 10.7 V

I = 219 mA

 $P_1 = 325 \text{ mW}$ 

Effective internal capacitance: C, = 2.1 nF

Effective internal inductance: L = 300 µH

in type of protection Intrinsic Safety Ex ia IIC

Maximum values:

U. = 5.9 V

 $L_{\nu} = 2$  mA  $P_{\nu} = 3$  mW

Ex (a	IIC .		
max: permissible external inductance	200 µH	100 pH	50 µH
max, permissible external capacitance	4100 nF	5000 nF	6200 nF

in type of protection Intrinsic Safety Ex ia IIC Only for connection to a certified intrinsically safe circuit

Maximum values: U = 30 V

li = 120 mA

P. = 1.2 W

Effective internal capacitance: C = 3 nF The effective internal inductance is negligibly small.

P17-P4610

Rev. 01 / 06 1



TÜV NORD CERT GmbH Hannover Office Am TÜV 1 30519 Hannover Germany



#### Page 3 of 4 Attachment to IECEx TUN 18,0009 X issue No.: 0

 in type of protection Intrinsic Safety Ex ia IIC Only for connection to a certified intrinsically safe circuit

Maximum values: U = 28 V L = 110 mA

P<sub>i</sub> = 805 mW Effective internal capacitance: C<sub>i</sub> = 2 nF Effective internal inductance: L = 300 µH

Optional pulse output ......(Terminals X9: 1 and 2)

in type of protection Intrinsic Safety Ex ia IIC Maximum values:

U<sub>e</sub> = 5.9 V L = 1 mA P<sub>n</sub> = 1 mW

Exia	IIC		
max, permissible external inductance	200 µH	100 µH	50 µH
max. permissible external capacitance	4100 nF	5000 nF	6200 nF

Impulse input Reed/Wiegand, internal ....

in type of protection intrinsic Safety Ex ia IIC

(Terminals X5; 1 ... 4)

Maximum values:  $U_c = 5.9 \text{ V}$   $I_c = 6 \text{ mA}$  $P_c = 8 \text{ mW}$ 

Characteristic line: linear

Exia	lic		
max. permissible external inductance	20 mH	10 mH	5 mH
max, permissible external capacitance	1800 nF	1900 nF	2100 nF

in type of protection Intrinsic Safety Ex ia IIC Maximum values:

U<sub>e</sub> = 5.9 V I<sub>e</sub> = 100 mA

P<sub>o</sub> = 148 mW Characteristic line: linear

Exia	41	C
max. permissible external inductance	30 µH	25 µH
max, permissible external capacitance	4100 nF	2000 nF
Sensor	UTC30	TI-1

P17-P610

Rev 017061



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#### Page 4 of 4 Attachment to IECEx TUN 18.0009 X issue No.: 0

Pt1000 temperature input, internal . (Terminals X11; 1 and 2) in type of protection Intrinsic Safety Ex ia IIC

Maximum values: U<sub>c</sub> = 5.9 V

l<sub>0</sub> = 9 mA

Po = 13 mW

Characteristic line: linear

Exia	lic		
max, permissible external inductance	500 µH	200 µH	100 pH
max, permissible external capacitance	3200 nF	4000 nF	4900 nF

All maximum values  $L_{\epsilon}$  and  $C_{\epsilon}$  are also allowed to be utilized as concentrated capacitances and as concentrated inductances.

For safety reasons, all intrinsically safe circuits are galvanically interconnected with each other via GND potential and safely galvanically separated from earth potential.

At interconnection of intrinsically safe circuits, the rules for interconnection of intrinsically safe circuits have to be observed.

#### Special Conditions for Safe Use:

- Electrostatic charge has to be avoided for all housing parts. The warning label has to be observed.
- The earth terminal hast to be connected with the potential equalization in the explosion hazardous area.

P(74P/610) Rev 01 / 06 1



Translation

(3) Certificate Number

### (1) EU-Type Examination Certificate

 Equipment and protective systems intended for use in potentially explosive atmospheres. Directive 2014/34/EU

TÜV 17 ATEX 207566 X ISSUO: 0

(4) for the product: Electronic gas value corrector TME 400

type VC, VM, VCF, VMF

(5) of the manufacturer: RMG Messtechnik GmbH

(6) Address Otto-Hahn-Straße 5

35510 Butzbach

Order number: 8003000905

Date of issue: 2019-03-12

(7) The design of this product and any acceptable variation thereto are specified in the schedule to this EU-Type Examination Certificate and the documents therein referred to.

(8) The TÜV NORD CERT GmbH, Notified Body No. 0044, in accordance with Article 17 of the Directive 2014/34/EU of the European Parliament and the Council of 26 February 2014, certifies that this product has been found to comply with the Essential Health and Safety Requirements relating to the design and construction of products intended for use in potentially explosive atmospheres given in Annex II to the Directive.

The examination and test results are recorded in the confidential ATEX Assessment Report No. 19 203 235606.

(9) Compliance with the Essential Health and Safety Requirements has been assured by compliance with:

EN 60079-0:2012+A11:2013 EN 60079-11:2012

except in respect of those requirements listed at item 18 of the schedule.

- (10) If the sign "X" is placed after the certificate number, it indicates that the product is subject to the Specific Conditions for Use specified in the schedule to this certificate.
- (11) This EU-Type Examination Certificate relates only to the design, and construction of the specified product. Further requirements of the Directive apply to the manufacturing process and supply of this equipment. These are not covered by this certificate.
- (12) The marking of the product shall include the following:
  - (Ex) 112G Ex ia IIC TA Gb

TUV NORD CERT GmbH. Langemarckstrate 20, 45141 Essen, notified by the central office of the countries for safety angineering (ZLS), Ident. Nr. 0044, legal successor of the TÜV NORD CERT GmbH & Co. KG Ident. Nr. 0032

The head of the notified body

Hanover office, Am TÜV 1, 30519 Hannover, Tel. +49 511 996-61455, Fax -49 511 996-61500

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#### (13) SCHEDULE

(14) EU-Type Examination Certificate No. TÜV 17 ATEX 207566 X Issue 01

#### (15) Description of product

The electronic gas value corrector TME 400 type VC, VM, VCF, VMF is an apparatus for use in gas explosion hazardous areas.

It is used for gas measuring, control and regulating purposes by detection of pressure, temperature and volume pulses.

The permissible ambient temperature range is -25 °C \_ 55 °C.

#### Electrical data

Supply circuit in type of protection Intrinsic Safety Ex is IIC

(Terminal X6; 2 and 3) Only for connection to a certified intrinsically safe circuit Maximum values:

U<sub>1</sub> = 10.7V I<sub>2</sub> = 219 mA P<sub>3</sub> = 325 mW

Effective internal capacitance. C, = Effective internal inductance L = 300 µH

Supply circuit battery, internal (Plug connector X12, 1 and 2) connection to internal battery Saft, type LS33600, 17 Ah or XENO, type XL 205-F\_19 Ah

Signal input in type of protection Intrinsic Safety Ex ia IIC (Terminals X8, 4 and 5) Maximum values:

U. = 5.9 V = 3 ITIA = 5 mW Characteristic line linear

Exia	IIC		
max, permissible external inductance	200 µH	100 µH	50 µH
max, permissible external capacitance	4100 nF	5000 nF	6200 nF





# Schedule to EU-Type Examination Certificate No. TÜV 17 ATEX 207566 X Issue 01

RS 485 and signal input (Terminals X6; 6 and 7) in type of protection Intrinsic Safety Ex ia IIC

Maximum values: U<sub>0</sub> = 5.9 V I<sub>4</sub> = 60 mA

I<sub>4</sub> = 60 mA P<sub>6</sub> = 88 mW Characteristic line: linear

Exia		IIC	
max. permissible external inductance	1700 µH	700 LIH	200 uH
max. permissible external capacitance	2100 nF	2600 nF	3100 nF

RS 485 and signal input (Terminals X6; 6 and 7)

in type of protection Intrinsic Safety Ex is IIC

Only for connection to a certified intrinsically safe circuit Maximum values:

U<sub>i</sub> = 10.7V I<sub>i</sub> = 219 mA P<sub>i</sub> = 325 mW

Effective internal capacitance: C<sub>1</sub> = 2.1nF Effective internal inductance: L<sub>2</sub> = 300 µH

Pulse output .... (Terminals X3; 1 6) in type of protection Intrinsic Safety Ex ia IIC Maximum values:

U<sub>0</sub> = 5.9 V I<sub>0</sub> = 2 mA P<sub>0</sub> = 3 mW

Exia	IIC.		
max, permissible external inductance	200 µH	100 µH	50 µH
max, permissible external capacitance	4100 nF	5000 rF	6200 nF

Pulse output ..... (Terminals X3; 1 6) in type of protection Intrinsic Safety Ex ia IIC Only for connection to a certified intrinsically safe circuit

Maximum values:

J = 30 V = 120 mA

P = 1.2W

Effective internal capacitance: C = 3 nF The effective internal inductance is negligibly small

plage 3/5





#### Schedule to EU-Type Examination Certificate No. TÜV 17 ATEX 207568 X Issue 01

Current output (Terminals X9, 1 and 2) in type of protection Intrinsic Safety Ex ia IIC

Only for connection to a certifled intrinsically safe circuit.

Maximum values U =

= 28 V = 110 mA = 805 mW

Effective internal capacitance: Effective internal inductance:

Optional pulse output (Terminals X9, 1 and 2) in type of protection Intrinsic Safety Ex ia IIC Maximum values:

U. = 5.9 V

= 1 mA = 1 mW

Exia	HC		
max, permissible external inductance	200 µH	100 µH	50 µH
max, permissible external capacitance	4100 nF	5000 nF	6200 nF

impulse input Reed/Wiegand, internal (Terminals X5; 1 4)

in type of protection Intrinsic Safety Ex ia IIC Maximum values:

= 5.9 mA = 6

= B mW

Characteristic line: linear

Exia	IIC		
max, permissible external inductance	20000 µH	10000 µH	5000 µH
max, permissible external capacitance	1800 nF	1900 nF	2100 nF

Pressure sensor circuit, internal (Terminals X8: 1 \_ 4)

in type of protection Intrinsic Safety Ex la IIC Maximum values:

5.9V

100 mA = 148 mW

Characteristic line: linear

Exia	- 1	C
max, permissible external inductance	30 pH	25 µH
max, permissible external capacitance	4100 nF	2000 nF
Sensor	UTC30	T1-1





#### Schedule to EU-Type Examination Certificate No. TÜV 17 ATEX 207566 X. Issue 01

Pt1000 temperature input, internal .... (Terminals X11, 1 and 2) in type of protection Intrinsic Safety Ex ia I/C

Maximum values: U<sub>e</sub> = 5.9 V

 $I_0 = 9 \text{ mA}$ 

P<sub>=</sub> = 13 mW

Characteristic line: linear

Ex la	IIC.		
max. permissible external inductance	500 µH	200 µH	100 µH
max, permissible external capacitance	3200 nF	4000 nF	4900 nF

All maximum values L<sub>c</sub> and C<sub>o</sub> are also allowed to be utilized as concentrated capacitances and as concentrated inductances.

For safety reasons, all intrinsically safe circuits are galvanically interconnected with each other via GND potential and safety galvanically separated from earth potential.

All interconnection of intrinsically safe circuits, the rules for interconnection of intrinsically safe circuits have to be observed.

- (16) Drawings and documents are listed in the ATEX Assessment Report No. 19 203 235606.
- (17) Specific Conditions for Use
  - Electrostatic charge has to be avoided for all housing parts (TME400 and optional associated connection head). The warning label has to be observed.
  - The earth terminal hast to be connected with the potential equalization in the explosion hazardous area (TME400 and optional associated connection head).
- (18) Essential Health and Safety Requirements

no additional ones

- End of Certificate -

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#### TÜV Technische Überwachung Hessen GmbH Industrie Service

Hans - Böckler - Straße 4 Telefon: 06403/ 9008-0 35440 Linden Telefax: 06403/ 9008-39 *TuV* \*

# ZERTIFIKAT

(EU-BAUMUSTERPRÜFBESCHEINIGUNG FÜR BAUMUSTER) (EU-type examination certificate – production type)

EU-Baumusterprüfung (Modul B für Baumuster) nach Richtlinie 2014/68/EU
EU-type examination (Module B - production type) according to directive 2014/68/EU

Zertifikat - Nr.: ISG-22-12-1979 Rev. M

Name und Anschrift RMG Messtechnik GmbH des Herstellers: Otto-Hahn-Strasse 5

Name and postal address of the manufacturer. D-35510 Butzbach

Hiermit wird bestätigt, dass das unten genannte Baumuster die Anforderungen der Richtlinie 2014/68/EU erfüllt. Das Druckgerät ist mit dem abgebildeten Zeichen gekennzeichnet

We herewith certify that the type mentioned below meets the requirements of the directive 2014/88/EU. The pressure equipment carries the mark as illustrated. €0091

Prüfbericht – Nr.: siehe Beiblatt zu/ see attached shant la: ISG-22-12-1979\_Rev. M
Test report No.

 Bezeichnung:
 Turbinenradgeszähler TERZ94 / TEC24 / TME400

 Designation:
 DN40, DN50, DN80, DN100, DN150, DN200, DN200, DN300, DN400

Geltungsbereich: Turbinenradgaszähler TERZ94 / TEC24 / TME400

Scope of examination: siehe Beiblatt zu/ see alfached street int ISG-22-12-1979, Rev M

Prüfobjekt: druckhalt, Ausrüstungsteil (pressure accessory)

Kategorie: 1-IV

Fertigungsstätte: Otto-Hahn-Str. 5, D-35510 Butzbach

Gultig bis Juli, 2022

Valid:

Bemerkungen / Hinweise: Das Zertifikat ISG-22-12-1979\_Rev. L vom 27.02.2019
Remarks / hints. wird durch vorllegendes Zertifikat ersetzt und verliert

somit seine Gültigkeit!

Anlagen siehe Belblatt zul see allached sheel to

documents: ISG-22-12-1979 Rev M

TDV Technische Überwachung Hessen GmbH Notified body, No. 0091

Linden, 2019-09-04

place, date

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# Production Quality Assurance Notification

Equipment and Protective Systems intended for use in potentially explosive atmospheres Directive 2014/34/EU

Annex IV - Module D: Conformity to type based on quality assurance of the production process Annex VII - Module E: Conformity to type based on product quality assurance

3 Notification number.

**BVS 17 ATEX ZQS/E139** 

4 Product category: Equipment and components

equipment-group II, category 2G: Manufacturing and sale of Volume Meters, Electronic Correctors and Gas Analysers, Electrical equipment and devices



Manufacturer:

RMG Messtechnik GmbH

6 Address:

Otto-Hahn-Straße 5, 35510 Butzbach, Germany

Site(s) of manufacture:

Otto-Hahn-Straße 5, 35510 Butzbech, Germany

RMG Messtechnik GmbH, Heinrich-Lanz-Straße 9, 67259 Beindersheim, Germany

7 The certification body of DEKRA EXAM GmbH, Notified Body No 0158 in accordance with Article 17 of the Council Directive 2014/34/EU of 28 February 2014 notifies that the manufacturer has a production quality system, which complies with Annex IV of the Directive.

This quality system in compliance with Annex IV of the Directive also meets the requirements of Annex VII.

In the updated annex all products covered by this notification and their type examination certificate numbers are listed.

- 8 This notification is based on audit report ZQS/E139/17 issued 2017-10-24. Results of periodical re-assessments of the quality system are a part of this notification.
- 9 This notification is valid from 2017-10-28 until 2020-10-28 and can be withdrawn if the manufacturer does not satisfy the production quality assurance surveillance according to Annex IV and VII.
- 10 According to Article 16 (3) of the Directive 2014/34/EU the CE marking shall be followed by the identification number 0158 of DEKRA EXAM GmbH as notified body involved in the production control phase.

DEKRA EXAM GmbH Bochum, 2017-10-24

Certifier

Approver

This is a translation from the German original. In the case of arbitration only the German working shall be valid and hinding

Page 1 of 1

This notification may only be reproduced in its entirety and without any change.

DEKRA EXAM GmoH Dimendatistrasse 8 44809 Sochum Germany Phone +48.234.3696-105 Fax +49.234.3696-110 e-mail za-exam@dekra.com

#### Contact

# Subject to technical changes

### **More information**

If you would like to learn more about the products and solutions from RMG, visit our website:

#### www.rmg.com

or contact your local sales representative

### **RMG Messtechnik GmbH**

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